

# ACP&D Limited

# **A500 SERIES**



# The Culmination of Mitsubishi's Expertise Reaches into the Realms of Advanced Technology Expanding the Potential of Inverters

Announcing the FR-A500 Series, a new line of advanced inverters that combines Mitsubishi Electric's original technology with the benefits of its vast pool of accumulated expertise. Beginning with advanced magnetic flux vector control, which allows high-precision operations at ultra-low speeds, Mitsubishi has mastered many aspects of advanced technology to equip this series with performance of the highest order. With their astonishing top-level specifications, this new series opens up an entirely new area of potential for inverters in the 21st Century.















#### **CONTENTS**

Features	3
Model Configuration	7
Standard Specifications	8
External Dimension Diagrams	10
Terminal Connection Diagram	14
Explanation of Terminal Specifications	15
Explanation of Control Panel	16
Key Operations Using the Control Panel	17
Explanation of Parameter Unit	18
List of Parameters	19
Applications	23
Protective Functions	24
Selecting Peripherals and Options	26
List of Options	27
FR-BU Brake Units/FR-BR Resistor Units	32
FR-HC High-power Factor Converters FR-RC Power Regenerating Converters	34
Points to Note when Using and Selecting Units	36
Points to Note when Selecting Peripherals	37

## **Features**

#### 1. The Ability to Maximize Drive Performance

#### Advanced Flux Vector Control

New levels in drive performance have been achieved thanks to the use of advanced flux vector control, an original technology developed by Mitsubishi.

#### • High-precision Operations without a PLG

The units feature a RISC processor which is used for on-line auto tuning, turning the motor quickly when starting. This allows it to perform high-precision operations that are unaffected by motor temperature, as well as stable high-torque operation from ultra low speeds.

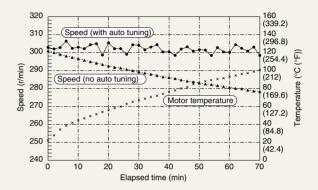
Speed control range: 1:120 (0.5~60Hz, driving mode)
Using the auto tuning function, high precision operation is possible with motors from all over the world.

#### • Boost Performance even further with PLG feedback

Combining this function with a motor equipped with PLG feedback improves high-precision operations still further (built-in option FR-A5AP).

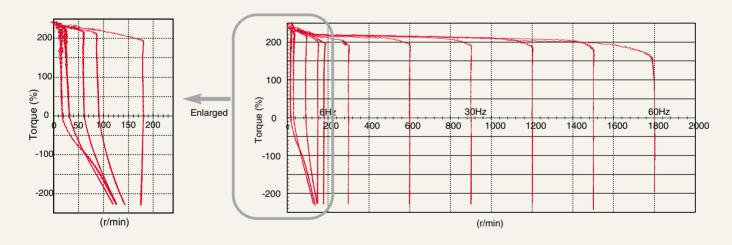
\* Use an inverter that is one rank higher than the motor capacity.

Speed control range: 1:1000 (driving mode) Speed variation rate: ±0.02% (driving mode) Zero speed holding torque: 150% (short time rating) Example of motor temperature/speed variation characteristics (SFJR 4P 3.7kW motor). (Repeated operations at 90% usage rate, on-line auto tuning selected)



Example of speed/torque characteristics during low-speed operations (SF-JR 4P 3.7kW motor)

Example of speed/torque characteristics when using advanced flux vector control (on-line tuning selected, SF-JR 4P 3.7kW motor)

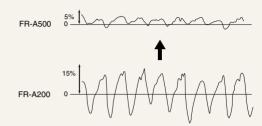


#### **■** Smart Driver

Uneven rotation at low speeds has been greatly improved by the use of a smart driver (a newly developed ASIC) which directly monitors and controls the main circuit's status.

• Uneven rotation: less than half that of a conventional Mitsubishi inverter at 1 Hz

Example of comparative data on uneven rotation (inverter operation frequency: 3Hz; SF-JR 4P 3.7kW motor)



#### **■** High-response Current Limit

Further improving the responsiveness of current detection has reduced the occurrence of trips arising from overcurrent.

This makes it possible to deal more effectively with the momentary large currents that occur when starting a reverse coasting motor or when switching an MC ON and OFF on the inverter output.

#### New Functions

The addition of a number of new functions has made it possible to handle various applications.

Some examples are:

- Power failure deceleration stop function
   → Rotary cutters, etc.
- PID control → Air-conditioning, etc.
- $\bullet$  Brake sequence function  $\to$  Conveyors, etc.
- Commercial power supply inverter switch-over sequence function → Pumps, etc.

#### Expandability

Various I/Os are available, including pulse train, analog signals, digital signals, and network connections.

- Up to three option cards can be mounted internally.
- Direct communications with a PLC is possible, e.g. Control & Communication Link (CC-Link).

Accommodates PLC X/Y instructions for easy programming.

## **Features**

#### 2. Achieves New Levels of User-friendliness

#### **■ Simple Operation**

- The simple FR-DU04 control panel is provided as standard on all models.
  - An optional extension cable can be used with the control panel. Operational and alarm signals can also be shown with this unit.
- The FR-PU04 LCD parameter unit with long-life backlight display is available as an option.
  - The unit features Mitsubishi's original direct input method which uses the ten-key pad. Eight different languages are available on one unit
- The parameter user group function is provided as standard.
   This function facilitates control of parameters by making it possible to select, read and write only those parameters that are required.
- Communications is a standard feature.
   The control panel can be disconnected to allow the unit to be controlled by a personal computer via an RS-485 interface.
   Note: A converter is necessary if an RS-232C interface is to be used.



#### **Easy Maintenance**

 The life of the cooling fan has been extended by the use of ON/OFF control, and replacement is easier.



- Simple installation and removal of the control terminal block makes maintenance easier.
- Parameters can be preserved by the control panel which is fitted as standard

When an inverter is replaced, parameters can be set up simply by writing previously stored parameters from the control panel.

Note: It is necessary to batch-read the parameters at the control panel beforehand.

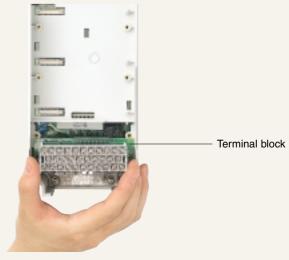
#### FR-DU04 control panel



#### FR-PU04 parameter unit (option)



#### Simple to install/remove control terminals



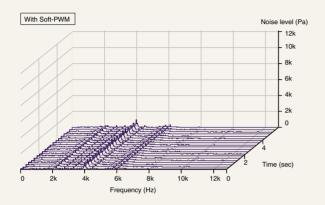
#### 3. Environmentally Friendly

#### **■ Soft-PWM Control**

In addition to the conventional low-noise mode, Mitsubishi has developed its own original Soft-PWM control method which suppresses the increase in acoustic noise and limits RFI noise to minimum levels similar to those of the Mitsubishi FR-Z Series inverter.

Note: The default setting is Soft-PWM control ON.

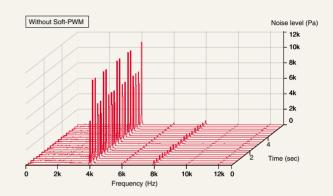
#### ■ Motor Noise Data Example (SF-JR 4P 3.7kW motor, carrier frequency 2kHz)



Since the frequency components are dispersed, the motor generates little metallic noise and does not sound unpleasant.

#### ■ Compatible with Harmonic Limits

- A compact direct current reactor (DCR) can be connected to units of all capacities.
- It is also possible to connect a high-power factor regenerative converter (FR-HC) that conforms to Japanese harmonic guidelines (conversion coefficient: K5=0).



Since the frequency components are concentrated, the motor generates a grating metallic noise.

#### **■ EMC Filter Available**

 Using the optional EMC filter makes it easy to comply with European EMC Directives.

#### 4. World-standard Specifications

#### Compliance with Major International Standards

- All units comply with UL, CSA\* and EN standards (low-voltage directives) as standard.
  - \*In order to obtain CSA standards approval at UL, the cUL mark is applied.
- NEMA1 compliance is standard up to 22K.
- The optional FR-PUO4 parameter unit can handle eight languages: Japanese, English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Swedish and Finnish

## Compliance with Main International Communications Standards

- $\bullet$  North America DeviceNet\_TM Modbus plus
- Europe Profibus DP

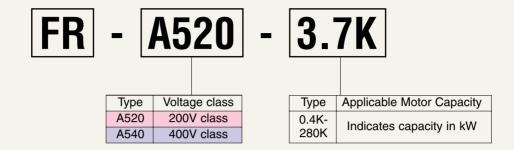
# ■ Compliance with 240V power supplies (maximum 22K) and 480V power supplies as standard

#### ■ Sink/Source Logic is selectable

(Using jumper on terminal block).

# **Model Configuration**

#### Model



#### **■** Model Configuration

Applicable Motor Capacity (kW)	Power Sup	ply Voltage
	200V class	400V class
0.4	FR-A520-0.4K	FR-A540-0.4K
0.75	FR-A520-0.75K	FR-A540-0.75K
1.5	FR-A520-1.5K	FR-A540-1.5K
2.2	FR-A520-2.2K	FR-A540-2.2K
3.7	FR-A520-3.7K	FR-A540-3.7K
5.5	FR-A520-5.5K	FR-A540-5.5K
7.5	FR-A520-7.5K	FR-A540-7.5K
11	FR-A520-11K	FR-A540-11K
15	FR-A520-15K	FR-A540-15K
18.5	FR-A520-18.5K	FR-A540-18.5K
22	FR-A520-22K	FR-A540-22K
30	FR-A520-30K	FR-A540-30K
37	FR-A520-37K	FR-A540-37K
45	FR-A520-45K	FR-A540-45K
55	FR-A520-55K	FR-A540-55K
75	Available soon	Available soon
90	Available soon	-
110	-	Available soon
160	-	Available soon
220	-	Available soon
280	-	Available soon

Applicable motors with capacities of 75kW and over are not covered in this catalog.

# **Standard Specifications**

#### **Ratings**

#### 200V class

	Type FR-A520	D- 🗌 🗎	0.4K	0.75K	1.5K	2.2K	3.7K	5.5K	7.5K	11K	15K	18.5K	22K	30K	37K	45K	55K	
Applicable motor capacity (kW) (Note 1			0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	
	Rated capacity (kVA) (Note 2)			1.9	3.1	4.2	6.7	9.2	12.6	17.6	23.3	29	34	44	55	67	82	
	Rated current (A)		3	5	8	11	17.5	24	33	46	61	76	90	115	145	175	215	
Output				150% for 60 sec., 200% for 0.5 sec. (Inverse time characteristics)														
	Voltage (Note 4					3-phase	200 - 220	0V 50Hz,	200 - 240	OV 60Hz				3-phase 200 - 220V 50Hz, 200 - 230V 60Hz				
	Regenerative Max. value/time			150% for 5 sec. 100% for 5 sec. 20%						0% (Note 5)								
	braking torque Tolerable working rate				3%ED			2%	ED				Conti	nuous <sup>(No</sup>	ote 5)			
	Rated input, AC v	voltage, frequency				3-phase	200 - 220	0V 50Hz,	200 - 240	0V 60Hz				3-phase 2	00 - 220V 5	0Hz, 200 - 2	30V 60Hz	
Power	Tolerable AC vo	oltage fluctuation	170 - 242V 50Hz, 170 - 264V 60Hz 170 - 242V 50Hz, 170 - 253V 60Hz						/ 60Hz									
supply	Tolerable frequ	ency fluctuation								± 5%								
	Power facility ca	apacity (kVA) (Note 6)	1.5	2.5	4.5	5.5	9	12	17	20	28	34	41	52	66	80	100	
	Protective structure (JEM1030)					Ful	ly enclose	ed type (IF	20, NEM	A1)					Open typ	pe (IP00)		
	Cooling method			ooling						Fo	rced cooli	ing						
	Approx. weight (kg (lb))			2.5 (5.5)	3.5 (7.7)	3.5 (7.7)	3.5 (7.7)	6.0 (13.2)	6.0 (13.2)	8.0 (17.6)	13.0 (28.7)	13.0 (28.7)	13.0 (28.7)	30.0 (66.1)	40.0 (88.2)	40.0 (88.2)	50.0 (110.2)	

#### ■ 400V class

	Type FR-A54	0- 🗌 🗍	0.4K	0.75K	1.5K	2.2K	3.7K	5.5K	7.5K	11K	15K	18.5K	22K	30K	37K	45K	55K	
Applicable motor capacity (kW) (Note 1)			0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	
	Rated cap	pacity (kVA) (Note 2)	1.1	1.9	3	4.2	6.9	9.1	13	17.5	23.6	29	32.8	43.4	54	65	84	
	Rated current (A)		1.5	2.5	4	6	9	12	17	23	31	38	43	57	71	86	110	
Output	Output Overload current rating (Note 3			150% for 60 sec., 200% for 0.5 sec. (Inverse time characteristics)														
	Voltage (Note 4)							3-	phase 38	30 - 480V	50Hz/ 60	Hz	<u>'</u>					
	Regenerative Max. value/time			100% for 5 sec. 20% (Note 5)														
	braking torque Tolerable working rate					2%ED							Contir	nuous <sup>(No</sup>	te 5)			
	Rated input, AC	voltage, frequency						3-	phase 38	30 - 480V	50Hz/ 60	Hz						
Power	Tolerable AC v	oltage fluctuation		323 - 528V 50Hz/ 60Hz														
supply	Tolerable frequ	uency fluctuation								± 5%								
	Power facility c	apacity (kVA)	1.5	2.5	4.5	5.5	9	12	17	20	28	34	41	52	66	80	100	
	Protective structure (JEM1030)					Full	y enclose	d type (IP	20, NEM <i>A</i>	<b>\1</b> )					Open ty	pe (IP00)		
	Cooling method			Self coolin	g					F	orced coc	ling						
	Approx. weight (kg (lb))			3.5 (7.7)	3.5 (7.7)	3.5 (7.7)	3.5 (7.7)	6.0 (13.2)	6.0 (13.2)	13.0 (28.7)	13.0 (28.7)	13.0 (28.7)	13.0 (28.7)	24.0 (53.0)	35.0 (77.3)	35.0 (77.3)	36.0 (79.5)	

Notes: 1. "Applicable motor capacity" refers to the maximum applicable capacity when using a 4-pole standard Mitsubishi motor.

- 2. The rated output capacity is 220V for the 200V class, and 440V for the 400V class.
- 3. The percentage given for the overload current rating indicates the ratio with respect to the inverter's rated output current. In the case of repeated use, it is essential to wait until the inverter and the motor have cooled to below the temperature for 100% load.
- 4. The maximum output voltage may not exceed the power supply voltage, and can be set at any value below the power supply voltage.
- 5. Indicates the average torque for decelerating to a stop from 60Hz. Changes according to motor loss.
- 6. Power capacity differs according to the power supply impedance value (including the input reactor or wire values).

# **Standard Specifications**

#### **■** Common Specifications

		Control	Method	Soft-PWM control, high-carrier frequency PWM control (V/F control, advanced flux vector control selection)
		Output frequ	iency range	0.2 to 400Hz
		equency	Analog input	0.015 Hz (Terminal No. 2 input: 12 bit/0 to 10V, 11 bit/0 to 5V; Terminal No. 1 input: 12 bit/-10 to +10V, 11 bit/-5 to +5V)
	contro	ol resolution	Digital input	0.01Hz
tions		Frequency	precision	Within ±0.2% of max. output frequency (25°C (53°F)±10°C (±21.2°F))/during analog input: within 0.01% of set output frequency during digital input
cifica	Volt	tage/frequenc	y characteristics	Any base frequency setting possible between 0 and 400 Hz; constant torque or variable torque pattern selection possible.
Spe		Starting	torque	150% at 0.5 Hz (advanced flux vector control)
Control Specifications		Torque	boost	Manual torque boost
0	Accel	eration/decele	eration time setting	0 to 3,600 sec. (individual setting for acceleration/deceleration possible), linear or S-curve mode
		DC br	aking	Operation frequency (0 to 120 Hz), operation time (0 to 10 sec.), operation voltage (0 to 30%) variable
	St	all prevention	operation level	Operation current level setting possible (0 to 200% variable), enable/disable selection
	Fre	equency	Analog input	DC0 to 5V, 0 to 10V, 0 to ±10V, 4 to 20mA
		ing signal	Digital input	Input from control panel, parameter unit; BCD 3-digit or 12-digit binary (using option FR-A5AX)
		Starting	ı signal	Individual selection of forward run, reverse run; starting signal self-hold input (3-wire input) selective
		Multi-sp	peed selection	Up to 15 set speeds (each speed can be set between 0 and 400 Hz; speed can be changed via control panel or parameter unit during operation)
		2nd, 3rd	accel/decel time	0 to 3,600 sec. (max. of three individual accelerations/decelerations can be set)
	Input	JOG ope	ration selection	JOG operation mode selection terminal provided (Note 1)
SUS	signal	Current	input selection	Select input of frequency setting signal 4 to 20 mA DC (terminal No. 4)
ficatio	Output Error I	Ou	itput stop	Instant cutoff of inverter output (frequency, voltage)
Speci		ror reset	Reset of protection operation hold state	
Operation Specifications		Operation	functions	Upper/lower limit frequency setting, frequency jump operation, external thermal input selection, reverse polarity operation, instantaneous power failure restart operation, commercial power supply inverter switch-over function, forward run/reverse run prevention, slip compensation, operation mode selection, off-line auto tuning function, online auto tuning function, PID control, programmed operation, computer link operation (RS-485)
	Out-	Oper	ation status	Five types can be selected from: inverter running, frequency reached, instantaneous power failure (undervoltage), frequency detection, 2nd frequency detection, 3rd frequency detection, in program mode operation, in PU operation, overload warning, regenerative brake pre-alarm, electronic thermal relay pre-alarm, zero current detection, output current detection, PID lower limit, PID upper limit, PID forward run, PID reverse run, commercial power supply-inverter switchover MC 1, 2, 3, operation ready, brake release request, fan trouble, and fin overheat re-alarm. Open collector output.
	put signal	Error	(inverter trip)	Relay output - contactor (230 VAC 0.3A 30 VDC 0.3A); open collector - alarm code (4-bit) output
	J.g. ia.	F	or meter	One type can be selected from: output frequency, motor current (constant or peak value), output voltage, frequency setting value, operation speed, motor torque, converter output voltage (constant or peak value), regenerative brake duty, electronic thermal relay load rate, input power, output power, load meter and motor excitation current. Pulse train output (1,440 pulse/sec./full scale) or analog output (0 to 10 VDC).
	FR-D	ol panel or	Operation status	Select from output frequency, motor current (constant or peak value), output voltage, frequency setting value, operation speed, motor torque, overload, converter output voltage (constant or peak value), electronic thermal relay load rate, input power, output power, load meter, motor excitation current, cumulative power ON time, actual operation time, cumulative power, regenerative brake duty and motor load rate.
splay		neter unit	Error details	Details of errors are displayed when the protective function activates. Details of up to eight errors are saved. (Only four errors are displayed on the control panel.)
Dis	Additi	ional	Operation status	Input terminal signal status, output terminal signal status, option mounting status, terminal assignment status.
	displa FR-P	ys only on U04	Error details	Output voltage, current, frequency and cumulative power ON time before protective function activates
	paran	neter unit	Interactive	Operation guide and troubleshooting with help function
	Protec	tive and warn	ing functions	Overcurrent cutoff (during acceleration, deceleration, constant speed), regenerative overvoltage cutoff, undervoltage, instantaneous power failure, overload cutoff (electronic thermal relay), brake transistor error (Note 2), ground fault overcurrent, output short circuit, stall prevention, overload warning, brake resistor overheating, fin overheating, fan trouble, option error, parameter error, PU disconnected number of retries exceeded, output phase loss, CPU error, 24VDC power output short circuit, control panel power short circuit.
		Ambient te	mperature	-l0°C (-21.2°F) to +50°C (+106°F) (no freezing) (-10°C (-21.2°F) to +40°C (+84.8°F) using fully enclosed structure specifications attachment (FR-A5CV))
ent		Ambient	humidity	90%RH or less (no condensation)
Environment		Storage te	mperature (Note 3)	-20°C (+42.4°F) to +65°C (+137.8°F)
Env		Atmos	phere	Indoors (no corrosive gases, flammable gases, oil mist or dust)
		Altitude an	d vibration	Max. 1,000 m (3,280.8 ft) above sea level, max. 5.8 m (19.03 ft)/s² {0.6G} (JIS C 0911 compliance)

- Notes:

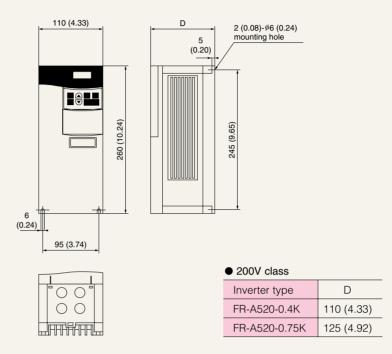
  1. JOG operation is possible with the control panel and parameter unit.

  2. Not provided for models FR-A520-11 K through 55K, or models FR-A540-11 K through 55K, which have no brake circuits.

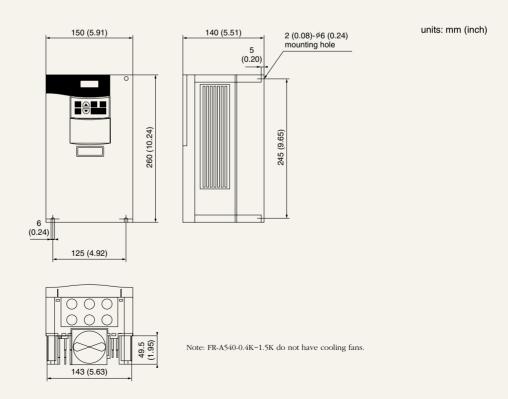
  3. Temperatures to which the units can be exposed for a short time, such as during transportation.

#### FR-A520-0.4K, 0.75K

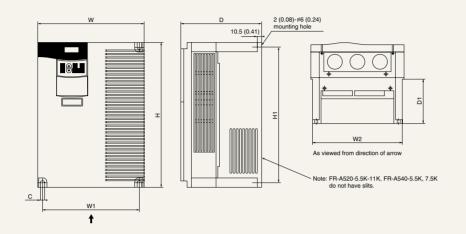
units: mm (inch)



- FR-A520-1.5K, 2.2K, 3.7K
- FR-A540-0.4K, 0.75K, 1.5K, 2.2K, 3.7K



- FR-A520-5.5K, 7.5K, 11K, 15K, 18.5K, 22K
- FR-A540-5.5K, 7.5K, 11K, 15K, 18.5K, 22K



units: mm (inch)

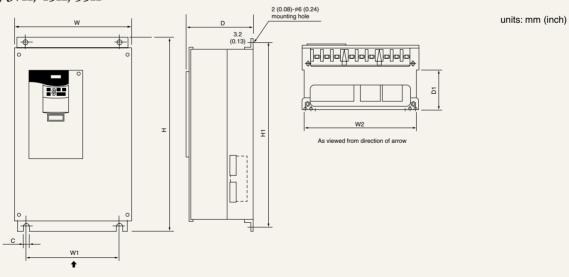
#### • 200V class

Inverter type	W	W1	W2	Н	H1	D	D1	С
FR-A520-5.5K/7.5K	220 (8.66)	195 (7.68)	211 (8.31)	260 (10.24)	245 (9.65)	170 (6.69)	86.5 (3.41)	6 (0.24)
FR-A520-11K	220 (8.66)	195 (7.68)	211 (8.31)	300 (11.81)	285 (11.22)	190 (7.48)	101.5 (4.00)	6 (0.24)
FR-A520-15K/18.5K/22K	250 (9.84)	230 (9.06)	242 (9.53)	400 (15.75)	380 (14.96)	190 (7.48)	101.5 (4.00)	10 (0.39)

#### • 400V class

Inverter type	W	W1	W2	Н	H1	D	D1	С
FR-A540-5.5K/7.5K	220 (8.66)	195 (7.68)	211 (8.31)	260 (10.24)	245 (9.65)	170 (6.69)	86.5 (3.41)	6 (0.24)
FR-A540-11K/15K/18.5K/22K	250 (9.84)	230 (9.06)	242 (9.53)	400 (15.75)	380 (14.96)	190 (7.48)	101.5 (4.00)	10 (0.39)

- FR-A520-30K, 37K, 45K, 55K
- FR-A540-30K, 37K, 45K, 55K



#### • 200V class

Inverter type	W	W1	W2	Н	H1	D	D1	С
FR-A520-30K	340 (13.39)	270 (10.63)	320 (12.60)	550 (21.65)	530 (20.87)	195 (7.68)	71.5 (2.81)	10 (0.39)
FR-A520-37K/45K	450 (17.72)	380 (14.96)	430 (16.93)	550 (21.65)	525 (20.67)	250 (9.84)	154 (6.06)	12 (0.47)
FR-A520-55K	480 (18.90)	410 (16.14)	460 (18.11)	700 (27.56)	675 (26.57)	250 (9.84)	154 (6.06)	12 (0.47)

#### • 400V class

Inverter type	W	W1	W2	Н	H1	D	D1	С
FR-A540-30K	340 (13.39)	270 (10.63)	320 (12.60)	550 (21.65)	530 (20.87)	195 (7.68)	71.5 (2.81)	10 (0.39)
FR-A540-37K/45K/55K	450 (17.72)	380 (14.96)	430 (16.93)	550 (21.65)	525 (20.67)	250 (9.84)	154 (6.06)	12 (0.47)

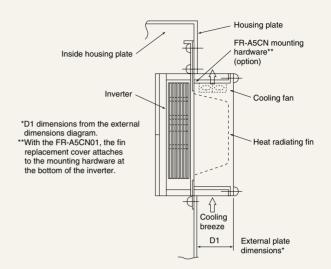
#### ■ Making the housing plate more compact

When the inverter is being used inside a housing plate, the heat generated inside the plate can be greatly reduced by projecting the inverter's heat radiating fin outside of the plate. This mounting method is recommended when trying to reduce the size of a completely sealed housing plate.

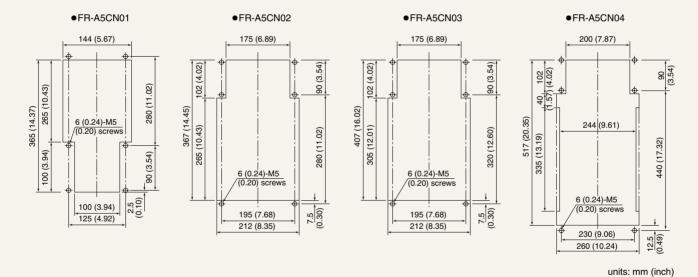
#### Notes

- 1. When mounting, use mounting attachment FR-A5CN (sold separately) (for models 1.5K $\sim$ 55K).
- 2. The fin height is greater than the height of the FR-A200 series.

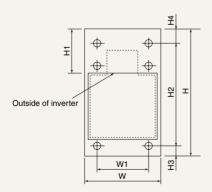
Model	Compatibl	e inverter
Model	200V class	400V class
FR-A5CN01	FR-A520-1.5~3.7K	FR-A540-0.4K~3.7K
FR-A5CN02	FR-A520-5.5K/7.5K	FR-A540-5.5K/7.5K
FR-A5CN03	FR-A520-11K	_
FR-A5CN04	FR-A520-15K~22K	FR-A540-11K~22K



#### ■ Panel cut dimensions (when using FR-A5CN)



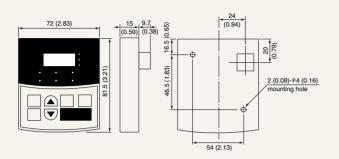
#### ■ Dimensions after mounting of attachment (when using FR-A5CN)



Model	W	Н	H1	W1	H2	НЗ	H4
FR-A5CN01	150	389.5	18	125	370	11.5	8
	(5.91)	(15.33)	(0.71)	(4.92)	(14.57)	(0.45)	(0.31)
FR-A5CN02	245	408.5	116.5	195	370	22	16.5
	(9.65)	(16.08)	(4.59)	(7.68)	(14.57)	(0.87)	(0.65)
FR-A5CN03	245	448.5	116.5	195	410	22	16.5
	(9.65)	(17.66)	(4.59)	(7.68)	(16.14)	(0.87)	(0.65)
FR-A5CN04	280	554	122	230	530	12.5	11.5
	(11.02)	(21.81)	(4.80)	(9.06)	(20.87)	(0.49)	(0.45)

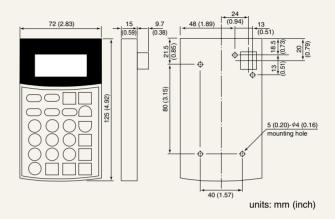
units: mm (inch)

# Control Panel FR-DU04

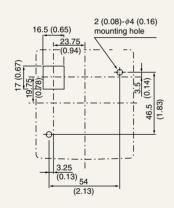


units: mm (inch)

# Parameter Unit (option) FR-PU04



#### Panel cutaway dimensions



units: mm (inch)

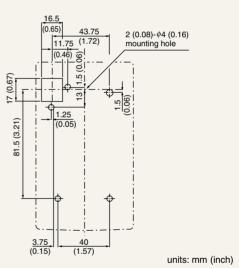
PU connector pin arrangement (main inverter unit (receptacle side), as seen from the front)



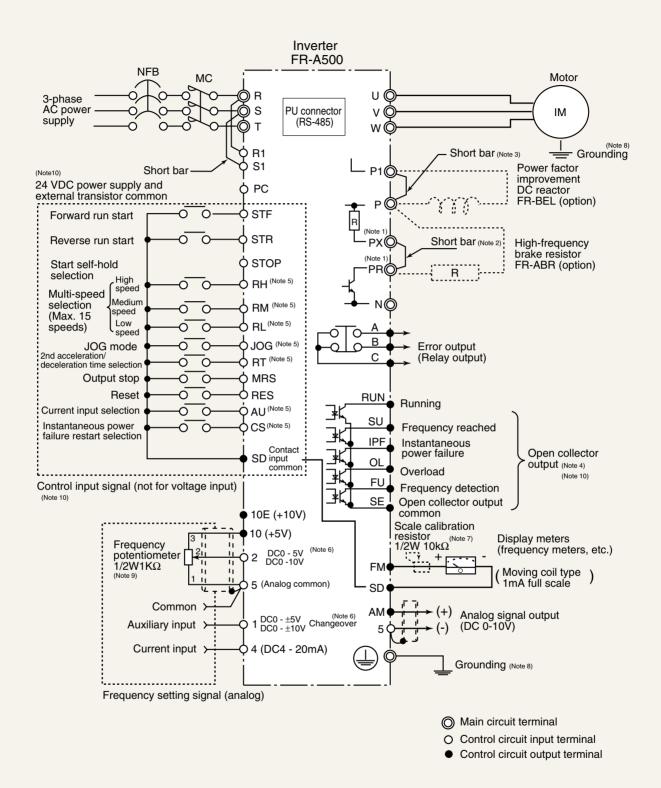
#### Notes:

- Please do not make connections between the PU connector and computer LAN boards, fax modem sockets, or modular connectors for telephones. Since their electrical specifications are different, doing so may damage the unit.
- 2. Pins ② and ③ (P5S) are the power supplies for the control panel and the parameter unit. Please do no use them during communications via the RS-485 interface.

#### Panel cutaway dimensions



# **Terminal Connection Diagram**



#### Notes:

- (1) Terminals PR and PX are mounted on models FR-A520-0.4 K through 7.5 K and models FR-A540-0.4 K through 7.5 K.
- (2) Remove this short bar when using the FR-ABR.
- (3) Remove this short bar when using the FR-BEL.
- (4) These output terminals can output error alarm codes, or 26 types of function can be individually assigned with Pr. 190 through to 195.
- (5) This input terminal can be individually assigned 23 types of function with Pr.180 through to 186.
- (6) The input signal can be changed with Pr. 73.
- (7) Not required when the meter is calibrated with the control panel.
- (8) Always ground the inverter and motor.
- (9)  $2W1k\Omega$  is recommended when the frequency setting is changed frequently
- (10) This connection diagram is for when the control circuit uses sink logic.

# **Explanation of Terminal Specifications**

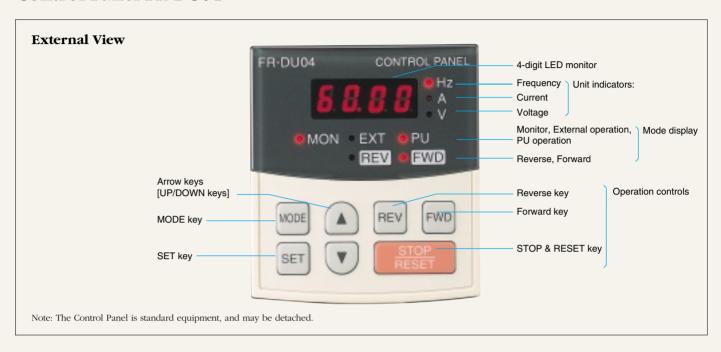
Typ	ре	Terminal symbol	Terminal name		Explanation					
		R,S,T	AC power supply input	Connected to the commercial power s	supply.					
		U,V,W	Inverter output	Connects the 3-phase squirrel cage m	notor.					
		R1,S1	Control circuit power supply		Connected to the AC power supply terminals R and S. To hold the error display or error output, remove the short be block, and input a power supply to this terminal from an external source.  Remove the short bar between terminals PX and PR, and connect the optional brake resistor (FR-ABR) between terminals PX and PR.					
Main C	Circuit	P,PR	Brake resistor connection	Remove the short bar between termin	nals PX and PR, and connect the optional brake resistor (FR-ABR) bet	ween terminals P and PR.				
		P,N	Brake unit connection	Connect the optional FR-BU type brake	ke unit or high-power factor converter (FR-HC).					
		P,P1	Power factor improvement DC reactor connection	Remove the short bar between termin	nals P and P1, and connect the optional power factor improvement DC	reactor (FR-BEL).				
		PR,PX (Note 1)	Built-in brake circuit connection	The built-in brake circuit is enabled when	hen the short bar is connected between terminals PX and PR. (Defaul	t setting)				
		÷	Grounding	This is for grounding the inverter chas	ssis. Always ground the inverter.					
		STF	Forward run start		nd when terminals STF-SD (Note 3) are ON. In the programmed need operations start signal. (Start at ON, stop at OFF)	If terminals STF and STR-SD <sup>(Note 3)</sup> are ON simultaneously, they				
		STR	Reverse run start	Serves as the reverse run command v	when terminals STR-SD (Note 3) are ON.	serve as the stop command.				
		STOP	Start self-hold selection	The self-hold of the start signal is sele	ected when terminals STOP-SD (Note 3) are ON.					
		RH, RM, RL	Multi-speed selection	The multi-speed can be selected with RM and RL-SD (Note 3).	a combination of ON/OFF commands between the terminals RH,	The terminal function				
gnals		JOG	JOG mode selection	JOG operation is selected when termi with the start signal (STF or STR), or	inals JOG-SD (Note 3) are ON, and JOG operation can be started	changes according to the input terminal function				
Control Circuit, Input Signals	tact	RT	2nd acceleration/ deceleration time selection	The 2nd acceleration/deceleration tir	me is selected when terminals RT-SD (Note 3) are ON. If other 2nd st" or "2nd V/F (base frequency)" are set, these functions will be	selection (Pr. 180 through 186).				
l Circuit,	Contact	MRS	Output stop	Inverter output stops when terminals stopping the motor with a magnetic br	MRS-SD (Note 3) are ON (for 20 ms or more). This is used to cut off rake.	the inverter output when				
Contro		RES	Reset	This is used to cancel the hold state vand then turn OFF.	his is used to cancel the hold state when the protection circuit activates. Turn ON terminals RES-SD (Note 3) for 0 and then turn OFF.					
		AU	Current input selection	Operation is possible with the frequency	peration is possible with the frequency setting signal 4 to 20 mA DC only when terminals AU-SD (Note 3) are ON. The char					
		cs	Instantaneous power failure restart selection	If terminals CS-SD (Note 3) are ON, However, to use this operation, restar	changes according to the input terminal function selection (Pr. 180 through 186).					
		SD	Contact input common (sink)	This is the common terminal for the te circuit's common terminals.	erminal FM and for the contact input terminal during sink logic. It is inst	ulated from the control				
		PC	24 VDC power supply, external transistor common and contact input common (source)	supplied current can be prevented by	(open collector output) such as a programmable logic controller (PLC) connecting the external power common for the transistor output to the pply. When source logic is selected, this is the common terminal for the	is terminal. It is possible				
		10E	Frequency setting power	10 VDC tolerable load current 10 mA	When connecting a potentiometer at the default setting, connect to to	erminal 10. To connect to				
		10	supply	5 VDC tolerable load current 10 mA	terminal 10E, change the input specifications for terminal 2.					
DG.	Frequency setting	2	Frequency setting (voltage)		, the max. output frequency is reached at 5 V (10 V). The input and output and 0 to 10 VDC are changed using Pr. 73. Input resistance 10 $\Omega$ max., to					
Analog	dneucy	4	Frequency setting		nax. output frequency is reached at 20 mA. The input and output are AU-SD $^{(Note~3)}$ are ON. The input resistance 250 $\Omega$ max., tolerable cu					
	Fre	1	Auxiliary frequency setting		put, this signal is added to the terminal 2 or 4 frequency setting signa nged using Pr 73. Input resistance 10 $\Omega$ max., tolerable voltage $\pm 20V$					
		5	Frequency setting common		requency setting signal (terminal 2, 1 or 4) and analog output terminal nmon terminals. Do not ground this common.	AM. This terminal is not				
	Cont- act	A,B,C	Error output	stopped. 200 VAC 0.3 A, 30 VDC 0.3A.	that the inverter's protection circuit has functioned and the output has . When an error occurs, there is non-continuity between B-C (continuity ere is continuity between B-C (non-continuity between A-C).					
nal		RUN	Inverter running		utput frequency is higher than the starting frequency (default: 0.5 Hz, in stopped or during DC braking (Note 2). Tolerable load: 24 VDC 0.I A	The terminal function changes according to the				
Control Circuit Output Signal	ector	SU	Frequency reached	the H level is set during acceleration/de	puency is within $\pm 10\%$ (default, changeable) of the set frequency, and eceleration and when stopped $^{(Note2)}$ . Tolerable load: 24V DC 0.IA	output terminal function selection (Pr. 190 to				
it Out	Open collector	OL	Overload warning	The L level is output when stall prevention is activ canceled (Note2). Tolerable load: 24 VDC 0.I A	vated by the stall prevention function, and the H level is set when stall prevention is	195).				
Circu	Oper	IPF	Instantaneous power failure		aneous power failure or undervoltage protection has functioned					
ntrol		FU	Frequency detection		ncy is higher than the set detection frequency, and the H level is output when it					
රි		SE	Open collector output common		erminals RUN, SU, OL, 1PF and FU. It is insulated from the control circ	cuit's common terminals.				
	Pulse	FM	For display meter	One of 16 monitor items, such as output frequency, is selected and output. The	Default output item: frequency; tolerable load current 1 mA I,440 puls	se/sec. at 60 Hz				
	Analog	AM	Analog signal output	output signal is proportional to the size of each monitor item.	Default output item: frequency; output signal 0 to 10 VDC, tolerable le	oad current 1 mA				
-	RS-		PU connector	RS-485 communications can be carrie	led out using the control panel connector. RS-485. Transmission format: multidrop link method. Communicatio	n rate: may 10000 have				

- 1. Terminals PR and PX are mounted on models FR-A520-0.4 K through 7.5 K, and on models FR-A540-0.4 K through 7.5 K.

  2. The L level indicates when it is in the OFF state (non-continuity state). The H level indicates when it is in the OFF state (non-continuity state).
- 3. When using source logic, the terminal PC will be the common terminal, not SD.

# **Explanation of Control Panel**

#### **Control Panel FR-DU04**



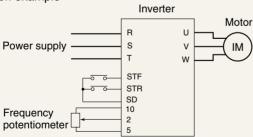
#### External Operation

When a Start or Frequency instruction is sent from the control terminal.



The monitor display during forward run at 60Hz.

#### Connection example



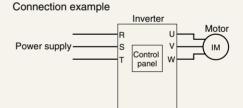
#### **■ Simultaneous PU/External Operations**

Simultaneous control panel (FR-DU04), parameter unit (FR-PU04) and external operations is possible by setting Pr. 79.

#### **PU Operation**

#### (PU: control panel, parameter unit)

When the unit is operated from the control panel.



(1) Press [MODE] key



(2) Set the desired operating frequency using the arrow keys eg. In the case of 60Hz, press ♠ (or ♥) [SET]



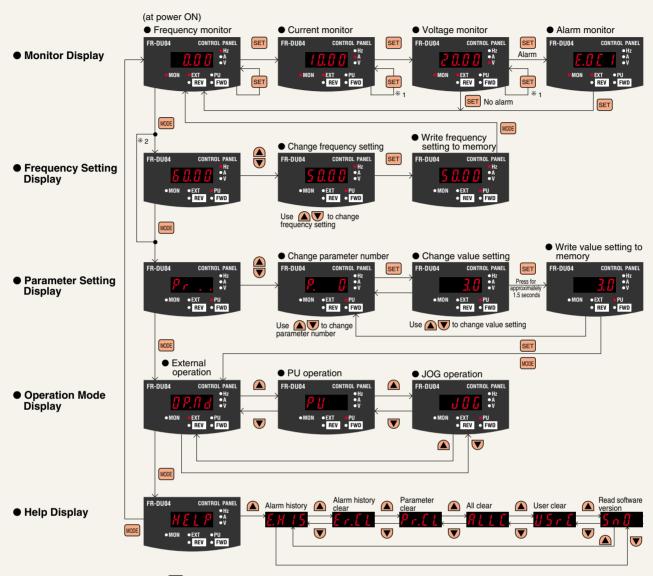
(3) Press [FWD] (or [REV]) key. The motor starts.



(4) Press [STOP] key. The motor stops.



# **Key Operations Using the Control Panel**



- \* 1 If SET is pressed continuously for approximately 1.5 seconds, the current display switches to the initial power ON display.
- \*2 During external operations, the frequency setting display does not appear.

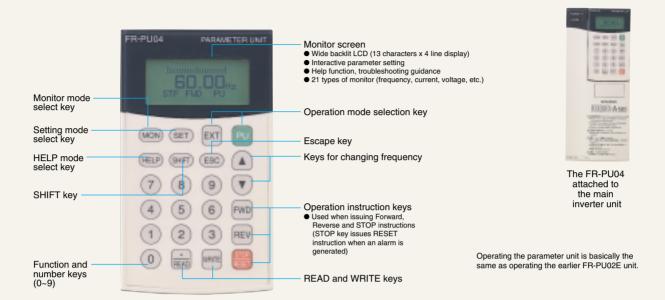
#### **Copying Parameters**

Parameter settings can be copied to another inverter (excluding non-FR-A500 series inverters) by using the FR-DU04 operation panel or the FR-PU04 parameter unit. First, all of the parameters on the source inverter are read, the operation panel is connected to the target inverter, and all of the parameters are then written to the inverter.

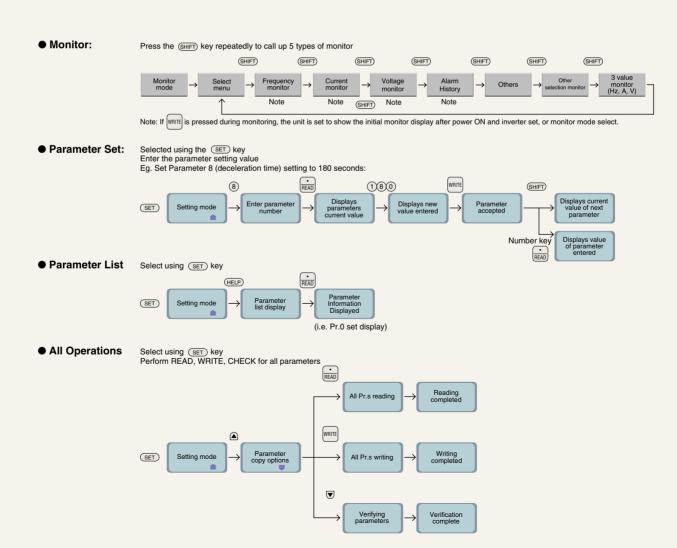


# **Explanation of Parameter Unit**

#### Parameter Unit FR-PU04



Note: The Parameter Unit is optional equipment.



			<u>'</u>		
	7 8	Acceleration time  Deceleration time	0 - 3600 sec./0 - 360 sec. 0 - 3600 sec./0 - 360 sec.	0.1 sec./0.01 sec. 0.1 sec./0.01 sec.	5 sec./15 sec. (Note 3) 5 sec./15 sec. (Note 3)
	9	Electronic thermal O/L relay	0 - 500A	0.01A	Rated output current
	10	DC injection brake operation frequency	0 - 120Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	3Hz
	11	DC injection brake operation time	0 - 10 sec., 8888	0.1 sec.	0.5 sec.
	12	DC injection brake voltage	0 - 30%	0.1%	4%/2% <sup>(Note 3)</sup>
	13	Starting frequency	0 - 60Hz	0.01Hz	0.5Hz
	14	Load pattern selection (Note 2)	0 - 5	1	0
	15	JOG frequency	0 - 400Hz	0.01Hz	5Hz
	16	JOG acceleration/deceleration time	0 - 3600 sec./0 - 360 sec.	0.1 sec./0.01 sec.	0.5 sec.
	17	MRS input selection	0, 2	1	0
	18	High speed maximum frequency	120 - 400Hz	0.01Hz	120Hz
	19	Base frequency voltage (Note 2)	0 - 1000V, 8888, 9999	0.1V	9999
	20	Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency	0 - 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz
	21	Acceleration/deceleration time increments	0, 1	1	0
	22	Stall prevention operation level	0 - 200%, 9999	0.1%	150%
Standard operation functions	23	Stall prevention operation at double speed	0 - 200%, 9999	0.1%	9999
Standard operation functions	24	Multi-speed setting (4 speed)	0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
	25	Multi-speed setting (5 speed)	0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
	26	Multi-speed setting (6 speed)	0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
	27	Multi-speed setting (7 speed)	0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
	28	Multi-speed input compensation	0, 1	1	0
	29	Acceleration/deceleration pattern	0, 1, 2, 3	1	0
	30	Regenerative function selection	0, 1, 2	1	0
	31	Frequency jump 1A	0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
	32	Frequency jump 1B	0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
	33	Frequency jump 2A	0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
	34	Frequency jump 2B	0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
	35	Frequency jump 3A	0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
	36	Frequency jump 3B	0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
	37	Speed display	0, 1 - 9998	1	0
	41	Up to frequency sensitivity	0 - 100%	0.1%	10%
Output terminal functions	42	Output frequency defection	0 - 400Hz	0.01Hz	6Hz
	43	Output frequency defection during reverse rotation	0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
	44	2nd acceleration/deceleration time	0 - 3600 sec./0 - 360 sec.	0.1 sec./0.01 sec.	5 sec.
	45	2nd deceleration time	0 - 3600 sec./0 - 360 sec., 9999	0.1 sec./0.01 sec.	9999
	46	2nd torque boost (Note 2)	0 - 30%, 9999	0.1%	9999
2nd functions	47	2nd V/F (base frequency) (Note 2)	0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
	48	2nd stall prevention operation current (Note 12)	0 - 200%	0.1%	150%
	49	2nd stall prevention operation frequency (Note 12)	0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	0
	50	2nd output frequency detection	0 - 400Hz	0.01Hz	30Hz
	52	DU/PU main display data selection	0 - 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 100	1	0
	53	Parameter for FR-PU04	Refer th	ne instruction manual for th	e detail.
Display functions	54	FM terminal function selection	1 - 3, 5 - 14, 17, 18, 21	1	1
	55	Frequency monitor reference	0 - 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz
	56	Current monitor reference	0 - 500A	0.01A	Rated output current
Restart	57	Restart coasting time	0, 0.1 - 5 sec., 9999	0.1 sec.	9999
		Destant model on the c	0 - 60 sec.	0.1 sec.	1.0 sec.
nestait	58	Restart cushion time	0 - 60 Sec.	0.1 560.	1.0 sec.

Function	Pr. No.	Name	Setting range	Minimum setting	Default setting
	60	Intelligent mode selection (Note 12)	0 - 8	1	0
	65	Retry selection	0 - 5	1	0
	66	Stall prevention operation reduction starting frequency (Note 12)	0 - 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz
	67	Number of retries at alarm occurrence	0 - 10, 101 - 110	1	0
	68	Retry waiting time	0 - 10 sec.	0.1 sec.	1 sec.
	69	Retry count display ensure	0	_	0
	70	Special regenerative brake duty	0 - 15%/0 - 30%/0% <sup>(Note 5)</sup>	0.1%	0%
	71	Applied motor (Note 12)	0 - 8, 13 - 18, 20, 23, 24	1	0
peration selection functions	72	PWM frequency selection	0 - 15	1	2
	73	0 - 5V, 0 - 10V selection	0 - 5, 10 - 15	1	1
	74	Filter time constant selection	0 - 8	1	1
	75	Reset selection/PU disconnected/PU	0 - 3, 14 - 17	1	14
	76	Alarm code output selection	0, 1, 2, 3	1	0
	77	Parameter write disable selection	0, 1, 2	1	0
	78	Reverse rotation prevention selection	0, 1, 2	1	0
	79	Operation mode selection (Note 12)	0 - 8	1	0
	80	Motor capacity (Note 12)	0.4 - 55kW, 9999	0.01kW	9999
	81	Number of motor poles (Note 12)	2, 4, 6, 12, 14, 16, 9999	1	9999
	82	Motor excitation current (Note 12)	0 - 9999	1	9999
	83	Rated motor voltage (Note 12)	0 - 1000V	0.1V	200V (Note 6)
	84	Rated motor frequency (Note 12)	50 - 120Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz
	89	Speed control gain (Note 10)	0 - 1000.0%	0.1%	100%
Motor constants	90	Motor constant (R1) (Note 10)	(Note 10)	(Note 10)	9999
Wotor constants	91	Motor constant (R2) (Note 10)	(Note 10)	(Note 10)	9999
-	92	Motor constant (L1) (Note 10)	(Note 10)	(Note 10)	9999
	93	Motor constant (L2) (Note 10)	(Note 10)	(Note 10)	9999
	94	Motor constant (X) (Note 10)	(Note 10)	(Note 10)	9999
	95	Online auto-tuning selection (Note 12)	0, 1	1	0
	96	Auto-tuning setting/status (Note 12)	0, 1, 101	1	0
	100	V/F1 (1st frequency) (Note 2, 12)	0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
	100	V/F1 (1st frequency voltage) (Note 2, 12)	0 - 400HZ, 9999	0.01HZ	0
-	102	V/F2 (2nd frequency) (Note 2, 12)	0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.1V 0.01Hz	9999
	102	V/F2 (2nd frequency voltage) (Note 2, 12)	0 - 400HZ, 9999	0.01HZ	0
-		V/F3 (3rd frequency) (Note 2, 12)			
VF 5 points adjustable	104		0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
	105	V/F3 (3rd frequency voltage) <sup>(Note 2, 12)</sup> V/F4 (4th frequency) <sup>(Note 2, 12)</sup>	0 - 1000V	0.1V	
	106		0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
	107	V/F4 (4th frequency voltage) (Note 2, 12)	0 - 1000V	0.1V	0
	108	V/F5 (5th frequency) (Note 2, 12)	0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
	109	V/F5 (5th frequency voltage)(Note 2, 12)	0 - 1000V	0.1V	0
	110	3rd acceleration/ deceleration time	0 - 3600/0 - 360 sec., 9999	0.1 sec./0.01 sec.	9999
	111	3rd deceleration time	0 - 3600/0 - 360 sec., 9999	0.1 sec./0.01 sec.	9999
	112	3rd torque boost (Note 2)	0 - 30.0%, 9999	0.1%	9999
3rd functions	113	3rd V/F (base frequency) (Note 2)	0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
	114	3rd stall prevention operation current	0 - 200%	0.1%	150%
	115	3rd stall prevention operation frequency	0 - 400Hz	0.01Hz	0
	116	3rd output frequency detection	0 - 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
	117	Station number	0 - 31	1	0
	118	Communication speed  Stop bit length/data length	48, 96, 192 0,1 (data length 8)	1	192
Communications functions	120	Parity check presence/absence	10, 11 (data length 7) 0, 1, 2	1	2
John Humballons Turicuons	121	Number of communication retries	0 - 10, 9999	1	1
	122		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.1	0
	123	Communication check time interval  Wait time setting	0, 0.1 - 999.8 sec., 9999 0 - 150ms, 9999	10ms	9999
	123	I VVAILUITIE SELUTU	u - 130ilis, 9999	IUIIIS	9999

137   Start waiting time (Note 12)   0 - 100.0sec.   0.1 sec.	Function	Pr. No.	Name	Setting range	Minimum setting	Default setting
PID correct   130		128	PID action selection	10, 11, 20, 21	-	10
PID control   131   Upcor Irmin		129	PID proportional band	0.1 - 1000%, 9999	0.1%	100%
122   Lower limit   0 - 100%, 9999   0.1%   133   70 Dection and population of Uniform   0 - 100%, 9999   0.01%   134   71 Dection and population of Uniform   0 - 100%   0.01%   135   136		130	PID integral time	0.1 - 3600sec., 9999	0.1sec.	1 sec.
133   PD action set point for PU operation   0 - 100%   0.01%   1948   1949   1940 differential times   0.01 - 10006ee, 99999   0.01 sec.   1949	PID control	131	Upper limit	0 - 100%, 9999	0.1%	9999
194   PIO afficered them   0.01 + 10.00ec., 1999   0.01 sec.		132	Lower limit	0 - 100%, 9999	0.1%	9999
Commencial power supply		133	PID action set point for PU operation	0 - 100%	0.01%	0%
136   MC switchover inerforck time (size 12)   0 - 100.0aec.   0 1 sec.		134		0.01 - 10.00sec., 9999	0.01 sec.	9999
186		135	Commercial power supply switchover sequence output terminal selection (Note 12)	0, 1	1	0
188   Commenced process inapply creative availablement alleation   0,1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1		136		0 - 100.0sec.	0.1 sec.	1.0 sec.
198		137	Start waiting time (Note 12)	0 - 100.0sec.	0.1 sec.	0.5 sec.
139   Automatic sevents occurrenced process receipts within-larvers   0 - 8.0.00Hz,   9.898   0.01Hz     141   Basicisha acceleration stopping frequency (see 11)   0 - 9.00 sec.   0.1 sec.     142   Basicisha acceleration stopping frequency (see 11)   0 - 9.00 sec.   0.1 sec.     143   Basicisha deceleration stopping frequency (see 11)   0 - 9.00 sec.   0.1 sec.     143   Basicisha deceleration stopping frequency (see 11)   0 - 9.00 sec.   0.1 sec.     143   Basicisha deceleration stopping frequency (see 11)   0 - 9.00%   0.1 sec.     148   Salia precention level at 0 Virgust   0 - 2.00%   0.1 %     149   Salia precention level at 10 Virgust   0 - 2.00%   0.1 %     150   Output current detection level   0 - 2.00%   0.1 %     151   Output current detection level   0 - 2.00%   0.1 %     152   Zono current detection level   0 - 2.00%   0.1 %     153   Zono current detection level   0 - 2.00%   0.1 %     154   Voltage reduction selection are selected unity and plant prevention operation   0 - 1 sec.   0.1 sec.     155   RT activated condition   0 - 1 sec.   0.1 sec.   0.1 sec.   0.1 sec.     156   Salia prevention persistent   0 - 1 sec.   0.1 sec.	switchover	138	Commercial power supply-inverter switchover selection at alarm occurrence (Note 12)	0, 1	1	0
140   Backlash acceleration stopping frequency (Nate 11)   0 - 360 sec.   0.01 sec.		139	Automatic inverter-commercial power supply switch-over	0 - 60.00Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999
Head		140		· ·	0.01Hz	1.00Hz
142   Backlash deceleration stopping frequency (xxx s)   0 - 400 kg   0.01 kg		141	71. 9	0 - 360 sec.	0.1 sec.	0.5 sec.
143   Backlash deceleration stopping time New 11)   0 - 900%   0.1 sec.	Backlash					1.00Hz
Supplementary functions			***************************************			0.5 sec.
Supplementary functions	Dienlay		•			4
Supplementary functions   149   Statil prevention level at 10 V input   0 - 200%   0.1%	Display					150%
Current detection	upplementary functions		·			
Current detection			'			200%
Current detection   152			'			150%
152   Zero current detection level   0 - 200.0%   0.1%     153   Zero current detection period   0 - 1 sec.   0.01 sec.     154   Voltage reduction selection   0 - 1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	Current detection					0
154			Zero current detection level			5.0%
Auxiliary functions						0.5 sec.
Auxillary functions		154	Voltage reduction selection during stall prevention operation	0, 1	1	1
157   OL signal waiting time		155	RT activated condition	0, 10	1	0
Supplementary functions   158	Auxiliary functions	156	Stall prevention operation selection	0 - 31, 100	1	0
Supplementary functions		157	OL signal waiting time	0 - 25 sec., 9999	0.1 sec.	0
Restart   162		158	AM terminal function selection	1 - 3, 5 - 14, 17, 18, 21	1	1
Restart   163	upplementary functions	160	User group read selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	0
Restart   163		162	Automatic restart after instantaneous failure selection	0, 1	1	0
164		163	First cushion time for restart	0 - 20 sec.	0.1 sec.	0 sec.
165   Restart stall prevention operation level   0 - 200%   0.1%	Restart	164	First cushion voltage for restart	0 - 100%	0.1%	0%
Initial monitor						150%
Initial monitor   171			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			0
User functions	Initial monitor				_	0
User functions			'	·		0
175			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			0
176	User functions		• '	,		
180   RL terminal function selection   0 - 99, 9999   1	-					0
181 RM terminal function selection			• '	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0
182   RH terminal function selection   0 - 99, 9999   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1				,		0
183   RT terminal function selection   0 - 99, 9999   1   1   184   AU terminal function selection   0 - 99, 9999   1   185   JOG terminal function selection   0 - 99, 9999   1   185   JOG terminal function selection   0 - 99, 9999   1   1   185   JOG terminal function selection   0 - 99, 9999   1   1   186   CS terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1   1   190   190   RUN terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1   1   191   192   IPF terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1   1   193   OL terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1   1   193   OL terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1   1   195   A.B.C terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1   1   195   A.B.C terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1   1   195   A.B.C terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1
Terminal function selection				,		2
Terminal function selection		183		0 - 99, 9999	1	3
Terminal function selection		184	AU terminal function selection	0 - 99, 9999	1	4
190   RUN terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1     1   191   SU terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1   1   192   IPF terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1   1   193   OL terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1   1   194   FU terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1   1   195   A.B.C terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1   1   195   A.B.C terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1		185	JOG terminal function selection	0 - 99, 9999	1	5
191   SU terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1	erminal function selection	186	CS terminal function selection	0 - 99, 9999	1	6
192   IPF terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1     193   OL terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1     194   FU terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1     195   A.B.C terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1     195   A.B.C terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1     1		190	RUN terminal function selection	0 - 199, 9999	1	0
193   OL terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1     194   FU terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1     195   A.B.C terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1     196   A.B.C terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1     200   Program minute/second selection   0 - 3   1     201   Program set 1   0 - 2: direction of rotation   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 10     1 - 10   0 - 2: direction of rotation   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 10     1 - 10   0 - 2: direction of rotation   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 10     1 - 20   0 - 2: direction of rotation   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 10     1 - 20   0 - 2: direction of rotation   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 10     221   Program set 3   0 - 2: direction of rotation   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 10     221   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 10     222   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 10     231   201   201   201   201   201     241   202   203   203   203   203     241   203   203   203   203   203     252   203   203   203   203   203     253   203   203   203   203   203     254   203   203   203   203     255   203   203   203   203     256   203   203   203     257   203   203   203     257   203   203   203     257   203     257   203     25		191	SU terminal function selection	0 - 199, 9999	1	1
194   FU terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1     195   A.B.C terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1     Supplementary functions   199   User initial value setting   0 - 999, 9999   1     200   Program minute/second selection   0 - 3   1     201   Program set 1   0 - 2: direction of rotation   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     1 - 10   1 - 10   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     Program set 2   0 - 2: direction of rotation   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     1 - 20   0 - 99, 59: time   Min. or sec.     211   Program set 3   0 - 2: direction of rotation   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     221   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     221   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     222   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     223   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     244   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     255   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     266   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     276   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     287   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     288   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     288   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     289   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     28		192	IPF terminal function selection	0 - 199, 9999	1	2
194   FU terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1     195   A.B.C terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1     Supplementary functions   199   User initial value setting   0 - 999, 9999   1     200   Program minute/second selection   0 - 3   1     201   Program set 1   0 - 2: direction of rotation   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     1 - 10   1 - 10   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     Program set 2   0 - 2: direction of rotation   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     1 - 20   0 - 99, 59: time   Min. or sec.     211   Program set 3   0 - 2: direction of rotation   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     221   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     221   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     222   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     223   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     244   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     255   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     266   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     276   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     287   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     288   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     288   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     289   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     280   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1     28		193	OL terminal function selection	0 - 199, 9999	1	3
195   A.B.C terminal function selection   0 - 199, 9999   1				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	4
Supplementary functions   199   User initial value setting   0 - 999, 9999   1				·		99
200   Program minute/second selection   0 - 3   1	upplementary functions			,		0
201   Program set 1   0 - 2: direction of rotation   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0 - 1 Hz   Min. or sec.			Ţ.	,		0
Program operations         211         Program set 2 11 - 20         0 - 400, 9999: frequency 0 - 99, 59: time         0.1 Hz Min. or sec.           221         Program set 3 21 - 20         0 - 2: direction of rotation 0 - 400, 9999: frequency 0.1 Hz         1 0 - 400, 9999: frequency 0.1 Hz			Program set 1	0 - 2: direction of rotation 0 - 400, 9999: frequency	1 0.1 Hz	0 9999 0
221   Program set 3   0 - 400, 9999: frequency   0.1 Hz	Program operations	211		0 - 400, 9999: frequency	0.1 Hz	0 9999 0
		221		0 - 400, 9999: frequency	0.1 Hz	0 9999 0
231 Time-of-day setting 0 - 99.59 —		231	Time-of-day setting	0 - 99.59	_	0

Function	Pr. No.	Name	Setting	range	Minimum setting	Default	setting
	232	Multi-speed setting (speed 8)	0 - 4001	Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	99	99
	233	Multi-speed setting (speed 9)	0 - 400	Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	99	199
	234	Multi-speed setting (speed 10)	0 - 400	Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	99	199
Marking and a second and	235	Multi-speed setting (speed 11)	0 - 400	Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	99	199
Multi-speed operations	236	Multi-speed setting (speed 12)	0 - 400	Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	99	199
	237	Multi-speed setting (speed 13)	0 - 400	Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	99	199
	238	Multi-speed setting (speed 14)	0 - 400	Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	99	199
	239	Multi-speed setting (speed 15)	0 - 400	Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	99	199
Auviliant functions	240	Soft-PWM setting	0	, 1	1		1
Auxiliary functions	244	Cooling fan operation selection	0	, 1	1	(	)
Stop selection functions	250	Stop selection time	0 - 100 s	ec., 9999	0.1sec.	99	99
	261	Power failure stop selection	0	, 1	1	(	)
	262	Subtraction frequency at deceleration start	0 - 2	20Hz	0.01Hz	31	Нz
	263	Subtraction starting frequency	0 - 120	Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	60	Hz
Power failure stop functions	264	Power failure deceleration time 1	0 - 3600/0	- 360 sec.	0.1sec./0.01sec.	5s	ec.
	265	Power failure deceleration time 2	0 - 3600/0 - 3	60 sec., 9999	0.1sec./0.01sec.	99	199
	266 Power failure deceleration time switchover frequency 0 - 400Hz		00Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz		
Function selection	270	Stop on contact/load torque high speed frequency control selection	0, 1	, 2, 3	1	0	
Load torque high speed frequency control	271	High speed setting maximum current	0 - 2	200%	0.1%	50%	
	272	Medium speed setting minimum current	0 - 2	200%	0.1%	10	0%
	273	Current averaging range	0 - 4001	Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	99	199
	274	Current averaging filter time constant	1 - 4	1000	1	1	6
0	275	Stop on contact exciting current low-speed multiplying factor (Note 9)	1 - 1000	1%, 9999	1%	99	199
Stop on contact control	276	Stop on contact PWM carrier frequency (Note 9)	0 - 15	, 9999	1	99	199
	278	Brake opening frequency (Note 7)	0 - 3	30Hz	0.01Hz	31	Ηz
	279	Brake opening current (Note 7)	0 - 2	200%	0.1%	13	0%
	280	Brake opening current detection time (Note 7)	0 - 2	sec.	0.1 sec.	0.3	sec.
Dualis as a success for all and	281	Brake operation time at start (Note 7)	0 - 5	sec.	0.1 sec.	0.3	sec.
Brake sequence functions	282	Brake closing frequency (Note 7)	0 - 3	30Hz	0.01Hz	61	Ηz
	283	Brake operation time at stop (Note 7)	0 - 5	sec.	0.1 sec.	0.3	sec.
	284	Deceleration detection function selection (Note 7)	0	, 1	1	(	)
	285	Over-speed detection frequency	0 - 30H	lz, 9999	0.01Hz	99	199
Supplementary functions	300~	Parameters for inboard options		Refer the	option instruction manual t	or details.	
	900	FM terminal calibration	-	-	_		
	901	AM terminal calibration	-	-	_		
	902	Frequency setting voltage bias	0 - 10V	0 - 60Hz	0.01Hz	0V	0Hz
Calibration functions	903	Frequency setting voltage gain	0 - 10V	1 - 400Hz	0.01Hz	5V	60H
	904	Frequency setting current bias	0 - 20mA	0 - 60Hz	0.01Hz	4mA	0Hz
	905	Frequency setting current gain	0 - 20mA	1 - 400Hz	0.01Hz	20mA	60H
0 1 1 1 1	990	Buzzer control	0,	1	1	1	
Supplementary functions	991	Parameter for FR-PU04		Refer the F	R-PU04 instruction manua	I for details.	

- Notes:

  1. Setting values differ according to inverter capacity. The setting values are: (0.4K, 0.75K)/(1.5K~3.7K)/(5.5K, 7.5K)/(11K and over).

  2. When the advanced flux vector control mode is selected, the setting is ignored.

  3. Setting values differ according to inverter capacity. The setting values are: (7.5K and below)/(11K and over).

  4. The set values for the parameters in the shaded areas □ can be altered during operations even if Pr. 77 (Parameter write disable) is set to 0 (default setting).

  5. Setting ranges differ according to inverter capacity. The setting ranges are: (0.4K~1.5)/(2.2K~7.5K)/(11K and over).

  6. The default setting for 400V class units is 400V.

  7. Pr. 80.81≠9999, Pr. 60=7,8 settings possible.

  8. Pr. 80.81≠9999, Pr. 77=801 settings possible.

  9. Pr. 270=1,3, Pr. 80.81≠9999 stitings possible.

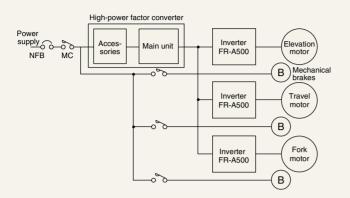
  10. The setting range and minimum setting unit differ according to the value set for Pr. 71 (Applicable motor). For further information, please consult the manual.

  11. Reading and writing are possible when Pr. 29=3.

  12. Even if Pr. 77 (Parameter write disable) is set to 2, the set value cannot be changed during operations.

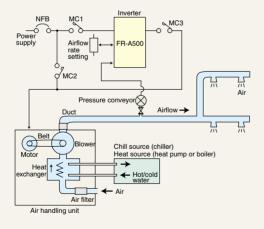
# **Applications**

#### ■ High-speed Crane or Lift



- Thanks to the wide-range speed control, high-speed operation is possible without any decline in stopping precision.
- A brake unit is not required because a power regeneration function is provided.
- Since elevation and travel are performed simultaneously, the high-power factor converter should be selected according to the capacity of the elevation motor plus the capacity of the travel motor.
- The mechanical brake power supply is connected to the power supply of the high-power factor converter.
- The mechanical brakes can be applied with optimal timing using the brake sequence function.
- The large starting torque allows powerful performance in lifting operations.

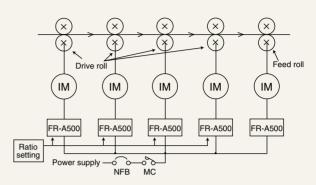
#### Air-conditioning Fan



- Because of the PID control function built into the inverter, constant temperature control operation is possible.
- MCl-MC3 operation timing can be controlled with optimum precision using the inverter's built-in commercial power supply switchover sequence function. The external switchover sequence circuit is also simplified.
- An electromechanical interlock that prevents MC2 and MC3 from being turned ON simultaneously is required.
- The inverter controls temperature constantly during operation, creating a pleasant environment and conserving energy.

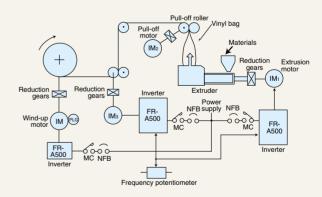
#### Line control

#### < Intermediate axis control using draw control >



- Since advanced flux vector control offers high operational precision, it is possible to alter the speed of each roll slightly during draw control operations.
- Driving the rear stage rolls at slightly higher speeds than the front stage rolls allowing stable operation in which tension is maintained at a rate that matches the elongation rate of the material.
- When the on-line auto tuning function is selected, the motor constants are automatically tuned each time the motor starts, eliminating speed variations caused by temperature fluctuations and providing stable control.

#### Extruder



- The frequencies for the two inverters used for extrusion and pulloff can be set with one frequency potentiometer. The ratio between the operational frequencies of the two inverters is adjusted for the bias and gain (Pr. 902 and 903) of the input frequency signal.
- Advanced flux vector control (on-line auto tuning) makes it
  possible to carry out operations with minimal speed fluctuation.
  As a result, extrusion pressure can be accurately controlled
  according to the differences in the materials being extruded.
- Using a PLG on the wind-up motor allows even more precise control of operations.

# **Protective Functions**

Except for the motor's electronic thermal relay, the following functions are provided for the protection of the inverter itself, but they may also function when the inverter breaks down.

Function r	name	Description		Display	Major fault	(Note3) Minor fault
		When the inverter output current exceeds the rated current by more than approximately	Accelerating	E.OC1		
Over-current cut-o	ff	200% during acceleration/deceleration or at constant speed, the protective circuit activates,	Constant speed	E.OC2	•	
		halting inverter output.	Decelerating	E.OC3		
Daman a water	uelte c	If the DC voltage in the inverter's internal main circuit exceeds the rated value as a result of	Accelerating	E.OV1		
Regenerative over cut-off	voltage	regenerative energy generated through motor braking during acceleration/deceleration or at constant speed, the protective circuit activates, halting inverter output. There are also cases	Constant speed	E.OV2	•	
		where it is activated by surge voltage generated in the power supply system.	Decelerating	E.OV3		
Overload cut-off	Motor	The electronic thermal relay inside the inverter detects motor overheating resulting from overloading cooling capacity at constant speed, activating the protective circuit and halting inverter output. The relay cannot protect multipolar and other special motors, or several motors working together, so a the be installed on the inverter's output side.	electronic thermal	E.THM	•	
(electronic thermal relay)	Inverter	In the case where a current flows that is at least 150% of the rated output current but does not exce cut-off (OC) level (200% max.), the electronic thermal relay activates according to reverse time char protect the main circuit transistors, and halts inverter output. (150% of overload capacity, 60 second	acteristics to	E.THT	•	
Instantaneous pow protection	ver failure	When the power fails for more than 15ms and is restored within approximately 100ms, the instantar protection function activates to prevent erroneous operation of the control circuit, and halts inverter error warning output contacts open (between terminals A and C) and close (between terminals B at the power failure continues for 100ms or more, the error warning output does not activate, and if the when power is restored, the inverter restarts. (If the instantaneous power failure lasts for less than circuit functions normally.)	output. At this time, nd C) (Note 4). If start signal is ON	E.IPF	•	
Undervoltage prote	ection	(1) If the inverter's supply voltage drops, the control circuit can no longer fulfill its normal functions. motor suffers from insufficient torque and overheating. For this reason, inverter output halts whe voltage falls to 150V or below (300V or below in the case of 400 V class units).  (2) The undervoltage protection function operates if there is no short bar between P and P1.		E.UVT	•	
Fin overheat		If the cooling fin overheats, the fin overheat sensor activates and halts inverter output.		E.FIN	•	
Fan trouble		In the case of inverters with built-in cooling fans, "FN" is displayed at the control panel if the cooling because of trouble, or operates differently from the setting for Pr. 244 (Cooling fan operation selection does not halt.		FN		•
Brake resistor over protection	rheating	Inverters with a capacity of 7.5K or less are equipped with a built-in brake resistor. When the regen the motor exceeds the prescribed value, brake circuit operations halt temporarily to protect the brak overheating. (Performing braking operations in this state causes a regenerative overvoltage cut-off. required to cool the brake resistor has passed, brake circuit operations restart.	e resistor from	-		
Brake transistor er	sistor error detection Inverter output halts when the brake transistor is damaged or other faults occur in the brake circuit. In such cases, in necessary to shut off the inverter's power supply immediately.				•	
Output side ground overcurrent protect		Inverter output halts when a ground fault occurs on the inverter's output side (load side) and a grou is generated.	nd fault overcurrent	E.GF	•	
External thermal re operation (Note 1)		When an externally installed motor overheating protective thermal relay or temperature relay within activates (relay contact open), the inverter can be stopped if the contact is input to the inverter. Every contact resets automatically, the inverter will not restart unless it is reset also.		E.OHT	•	
Option error		(1) When a dedicated built-in type option is installed within the inverter, inverter output halts if there the connection is faulty.     (2) When a high-power factor converter connection is set, the display indicates that an AC power su R, S, T.	E.OPT	•		
Parameter error		Generated when an error occurs in a stored parameter (e.g. E°ROM breakdown).		E.PE	•	
PU disconnected		Inverter output halts when communication between the main unit and the PU are interrupted by disc PU, etc., when Pr. 75 is set to 2,3, 16, 17.	connection of the	E.PUE	•	
No. of retries exce	eded	When operations cannot be restarted normally within the set number of retries, inverter output is ha	Ited.	E.RET	•	
Output phase loss		Detects when the inverter looses an output phase (U, V or W).		E.LF	_	
- Calput Pridoe 1055	2310011011	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	and balks i	L.LF		
CPU error		If the built-in CPU does not complete operations within the prescribed time, it self-diagnoses a fault output.	and haits inverter	E.CPU	•	
	During acceleration	When a current of 150% (Note 2) or more of the inverter's rated current flows in the motor, the rise stopped until the load current declines, preventing the inverter from executing an over-current shut-is increased again once the current falls below 150% of the rated value.		OL		
Current limit/ Stall prevention	At constant speed	When a current of 150% (Note 2) or more of the inverter's rated current flows in the motor, the frequentil the load current declines, preventing the inverter from executing an over-current shut-off. The frestored to the set level once the current falls below 150% of the rated value.	iency is lowered requency is	E.OLT	•	
			(when inverter output is halted)			
24VDC power sup short circuit	ply output	When the 24VDC power output from the PC terminal is short circuited, power output is shut off. At external contact inputs are switched OFF. Resetting cannot be performed by an RES signal input. It the control panel or shut off the power, then turn it on again.		E.P24		
Operating panel poshort circuit	when the control panel power supply (P5S of the PU connector) is short circuited, power output is shut off. At such times, it is not possible to use the control panel (parameter unit) or perform RS-485 communications from the PU connector. To reset, either input an RES signal or shut off the power, then turn it on again.					
Brake sequence e	rror	In the case where a sequence error occurs when using the brake sequence functions (Pr. 278~Pr. 2 is halted. Please consult the manual for details about errors.	85), inverter output	E.MB1~MB7		

- 1. External thermal relay operations are only performed when Pr. 180~Pr. 186 (input terminal function selection) is set to OH.
  2. Indicated when the stall prevention operation current level is set to 150% (default setting). When this value is altered, stall prevention is performed at the altered set value.
  3. Major faults: The protective function activates, inverter output is shut off, and an error out is executed. Minor faults: Output is not shut off even when the protective function activates. It is possible to output minor fault signals by setting parameters.
  4. In the case where Pr. 190~Pr. 196 (output terminal function selection) are set to the default values.

#### **Protective Functions**

#### • Resetting Methods

When a protective function is activated, it halts inverter output (the motor coasts to a halt). It is held in this state and will not restart unless it is reset. To reset the inverter, three methods are available:

- shut off the power, then turn it on again;
- switch the reset (RES) signal ON for at least 0.1 second, then OFF;
- press the RESET key on the control panel or parameter unit. (Use the parameter unit's help function)

If the RES signal is ON continuously, the control panel indicates "Err" while the parameter unit indicates that it is in the process of resetting.

#### Notes:

1. Displays

When the protective circuit is activated, the LED display on the control panel automatically changes according to the indications in the above table. In the case of the parameter unit, the unit's liquid crystal display gives a more detailed explanation of the fault.

2. Holding the error output signal

When protective functions operate, if the electromagnetic contactor installed on the inverter's power supply side is switched OFF, the inverter's control source disappears and it becomes impossible to hold the error output signal. If it is necessary to hold the signal, make the error output a sequence that is held externally.

If the control circuit is provided with a separate power supply as described below, it is possible to hold the error signal and error display. Details of the fault are stored even if the power supply is shut off, and can be confirmed at the control panel (parameter unit).

#### ■ Connecting the control circuit to a separate power supply

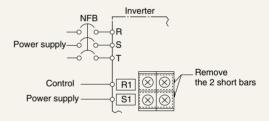
#### ● In the case of FR-A520-0.4K~3.7K/FR-A540-0.4K~3.7K

Remove the short bar between terminals R-R1 and S-S1, and connect the control source to terminals R1, S1.

#### ● In the case of FR-A520-5.5K~55K/FR-A540-5.5K~55K

As shown in the diagram, remove the short bars from the two-tier terminal block (see inverter manual for further details), and connect the control source to the upper-tier terminal.

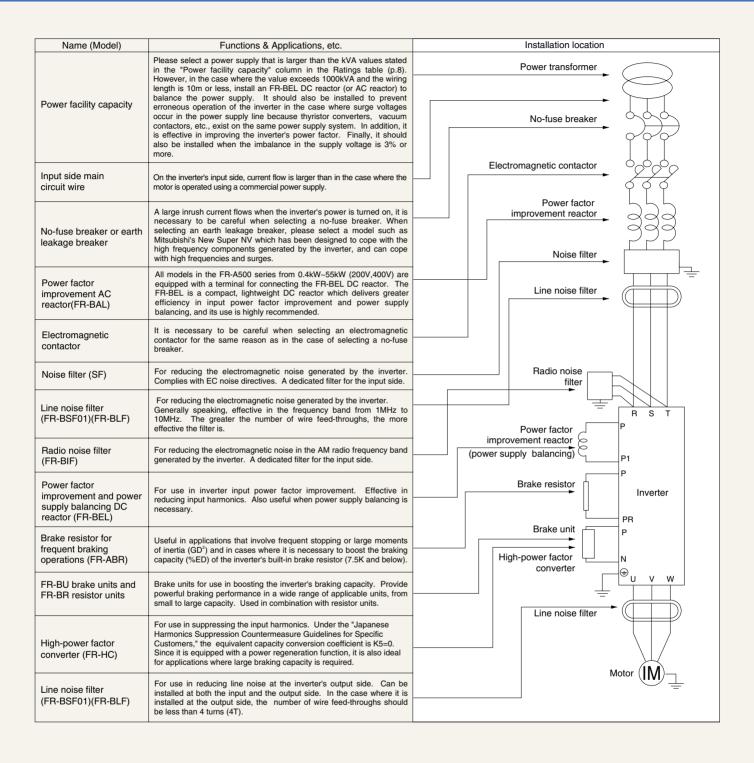
Note: Connecting the control source to the lower-tier terminal will damage the inverter.



#### Notes

- 1. The control source (R1, S1) does not need to be phase sequenced with the main power supply (R, S, T). However, the phase sequence must be matched when the optional FR-HC high-power factor converter is used.
- 2. Even if the main power supply is OFF, the error output will not function.
- 3. The inverter can be reset by turning the main power supply OFF, the ON again.
- 4. Do not turn the control source OFF when the main power supply is ON.
- 5. When using the FR-BIF radio noise filter (sold separately), connect it to the primary side of the MC. If it is connected to the secondary side, the insufficient voltage alarm (E.UVT) will be triggered when the MC is turned off.

# Selecting Peripherals and Options



	Name	Туре	Application, specifications, etc.	Applicable inverter
	12-bit digital input	FR-A5AX	A digital signal of BCD or binary code used for setting the inverter's frequency.	
	Digital output		Outputs the inverter main unit's standard output signal at the open collector.	
	Expansion analog output	FR-A5AY	Outputs signals such as output frequency, output voltage, output current in analog form.	Common to all units
	Relay output	FR-A5AR	Outputs the inverter main unit's standard output signal at the relay contact.	
) only)	Orientation control, PLG feedback control	FR-A5AP	In combination with a pulse encoder, can halt the main axis at the home position (orientation). Provides feedback of the motor's rotational speed and keeps speed constant.	
A50(	Pulse train input		Can input speed instructions to the inverter as pulse train signals.	
ns (FR-,	Computer link	FR-A5NR	Allows changes in inverter operations, monitoring and parameters to be executed from a computer or PLC.	
Built-in options (FR-A500 only)	Profibus DP	FR-A5NP	Allows changes in inverter operations, monitoring and parameters to be executed from a computer or PLC.	Common to all units
	DeviceNetTM	FR-A5ND	Allows changes in inverter operations, monitoring and parameters to be executed from a computer or PLC.	(Available soon)
	CC-Link	FR-A5NC	Allows changes in inverter operations, monitoring and parameters to be executed from a PLC.	
	Modbus Plus	FR-A5NM	Allows changes in inverter operations, monitoring and parameters to be executed from a computer or PLC.	
	Parameter unit (8 languages)	FR-PU04	Interactive parameter unit with LCD	0
	Parameter unit connector cable	FR-CB2 🔲 🔲	Cable for connecting control panel or parameter unit	Common to all units
	Cooling fan external installation attachment	FR-A5CN 🗌 🗌	Allows inverter's heat generating parts to be installed externally at the back of the unit.	For inverter capacities 1.5K~55K
	IP40 attachment	FR-A5CV 🗌 🗌	Allows inverter's to meet IP40 specifications	For inverter capacities 0.4K~22K
	Conduit connection attachment	FR-A5FN 🗌 🔲	Allows direct connection of conduits. IP20 compliance possible.	For inverter capacities 30K~55K
	Mounting adaptor attachment	FR-A5AT 🗌 🔲	Plate to allow mounting using same dimensions as FR-A200E models.	For inverter capacities 0.4K~22K, 55K
	Noise filter (compliant with EMC Directives)	SF 🗌 🗀	Noise filter (compliant with EMC Directives) (EN61800-3, EN50081-2)	For inverter capacities 0.4K~55K
	Brake resistor for frequent braking operations	FR-ABR-(H) [ (Note 1)	Boosts braking capacity of inverter's built-in brake	For inverter capacities 0.4K~7.5K
٦	Surge voltage suppression filter	FR-ASF-H 🗌 🔲	Filter for suppressing micro-surge voltage at inverter's output side	For inverter capacities 0.4K~55K
Standalone, common	Power factor improvement DC reactor	FR-BEL(H) [ (Note 1)	For inverter input power factor improvement (overall power factor approx. 95%) and power supply balancing	For inverter capacities 0.4K~55K
dalone,	Power factor improvement AC reactor	FR-BAL-(H) [ (Note 1)	For inverter input power factor improvement (overall power factor approx. 90%) and power supply balancing	For inverter capacities 0.4K~55K
Stano	Radio noise filter	FR-BIF-(H) [ (Note 1)	For suppressing radio noise	
0,	Line noise filter	FR-BSF01	For suppressing line noise (for small capacities of 3.7kW or less)	Common to all units
	Line noise liller	FR-BLF	For suppressing line noise	
	Brake unit Resistor unit	FR-BU-15K~55K, H15K~H55K FR-BR-15K~55K, H15K~H55K	For use in boosting inverter's braking capacity. (For high inertia loads or negative loads.) Used in combination with resistor units.	
	Power regeneration converter	FR-RC-15K~55K,H15K~H55K	High performance brake unit capable of regenerating braking energy generated by motor.	Depends on capacity
	High-power factor converter	FR-HC7.5K~55K, H7.5K~H55K	Greatly suppresses high frequencies by improving input current waveforms into sine waves by switching converter.(Used in conjunction with standard accessories) Power regeneration also possible.	

Note: Units in the  $400\mathrm{V}$  class are designed by an "H" in the model name.

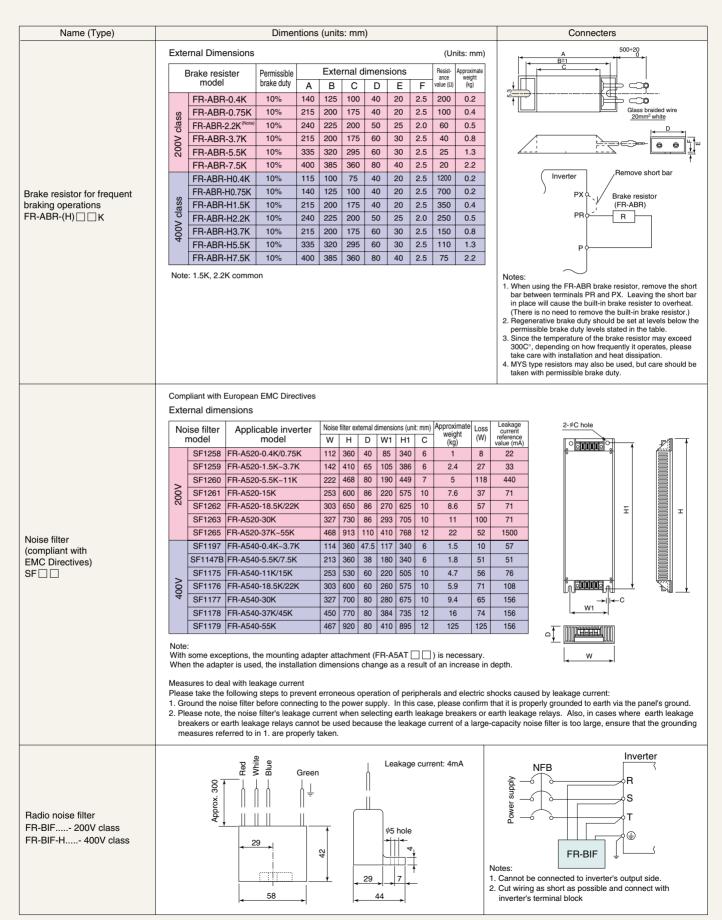
#### **■** Built-in Options

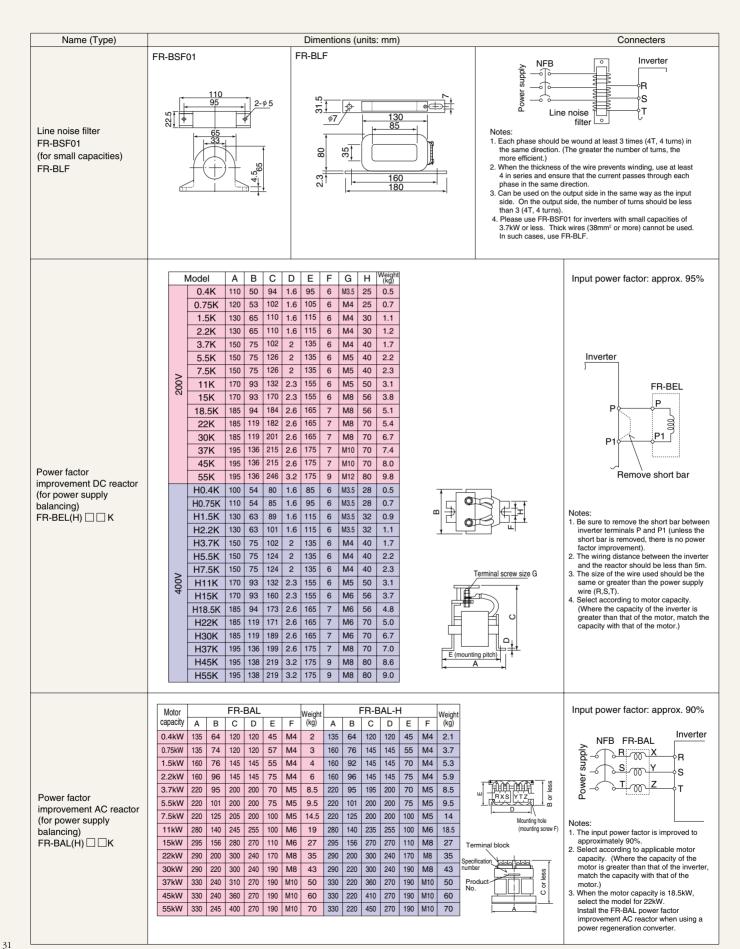
	Name	Model	Function	Rating, etc.
	12-bit digital input	FR-A5AX	Input interface for precise setting of the inverter's frequency using external 3-digit digital signals of BCD or binary code.     Can also execute gain/offset adjustments.	Input voltage: 24VDC 5mA (per circuit)     Signal format: contact signal or open collector input     Logic: sink type or source type (switchover possible at main unit)
	Digital output		<ul> <li>Selects any 7 signals from the 26 output signal types provided in the inverter main unit as standard and outputs them at the open collector.</li> </ul>	Permissible load: 24VDC 0.1A (per circuit)     Logic: sink type or source type (common)
	Expansion analog output	FR-A5AY	<ul> <li>Outputs any 2 signals form the 16 types of signals, such as output frequency, output voltage, output current, that can be monitored at the FM or AM terminal.</li> <li>A 20mA DC or 5VDC (10V) meter can be connected.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Output voltage: 0~10VDC max.</li> <li>Output current: 0~20mA DC</li> <li>Output resolution: 3mV at voltage output, 1µA at current output</li> <li>Output precision: ±10%</li> </ul>
	Relay output	put FR-A5AR Selects any 3 signals from the 26 output signal types provided in main unit as standard and outputs them at the relay contact.		● Signal type: Contactor  ● Contact capacity: 230VAC 0.3A 30VDC 0.3A
	Orientation control, PLG feedback control	FR-A5AP	<ul> <li>In combination with a position detector (pulse encoder) attached to the main axis of a machine tool, can halt the main axis at the home position (orientation function).</li> <li>The pulse encoder detects the motor's rotational speed and the detected signal is fed back to the inverter, automatically correcting for speed variations. As a result, the motor speed is kept constant even if load variations occur.</li> <li>The current position of the main axis and the motor's actual rotational speed can be monitored using the control panel or the parameter unit.</li> </ul>	Motor used: Standard motor (2-8 poles)     Encoder specification: Differential output, 5V DC
	Pulse train input		● Input speed to the inverter as pulse train signals.	Max. permissible number of pulses: 100K pps or less     Input interface: Open collector     Input voltage/current: 24V, 10mA DC
ions	Computer link FR-A5NR		Connects the inverter with a personal computer, FA controller or other computer using a communications cable, and allows changes in inverter operation, monitoring and parameter changing to be executed from the computer by means of user programs.      Use of twisted pair cable protects communications against noise.	Compliance standards: EIA RS485, RS422 standards (common) Transmission format: multi-drop link Communication rate: 19,200 baud max. Up to 32 units can be connected Total length: 500m
Communications	Profibus DP	FR-A5NP	<ul> <li>Allows changes in inverter operations, monitoring and parameters to be executed from a computer or PLC.</li> </ul>	● Up to 42 units can be connected
Comn	DeviceNet™	FR-A5ND	<ul> <li>Allows changes in inverter operations, monitoring and parameters to be executed from a computer or PLC.</li> </ul>	Communication rate: 10M baud max.
	CC-Link	FR-A5NC	<ul> <li>Allows changes in inverter operations, monitoring and parameters to be executed from a PLC.</li> </ul>	● Total length: 1200m (at 156K baud)
	Modbus Plus	FR-A5NM	<ul> <li>Allows changes in inverter operations, monitoring and parameters to be executed from a computer or PLC.</li> </ul>	● Total length: 100m (at 10M baud)

Note: 3 option cards can be mounted at one time, limited to one card of each option type. Only one communications card can be mounted.

#### **■** Standalone Options

Name (Type)	Specifications, config	gurations, etc.				
	By using this attachment, the cooling fin, which is the inverter's heat-		Applied	ble invertor		
	generating component, can be extended to the back of the housing plate.	Model		able inverter		
R-A5CN 🗌 🗌	This makes it possible to radiate the inverter's heat to the back of the housing plate, allowing the control panel to be made more compact.	FR-A5CN01	200V class FR-A520-1.5K~3.7K	400V class FR-A540-0.4K~3.7K		
tachment for external	Use of this attachment increases the mounting space by the size of the	FR-A5CN02	FR-A520-5.5K/7.5K	FR-A540-5.5K/7.5K		
ounting of cooling fin	attachment. Therefore, when using this attachment, refer to the	FR-A5CN03	FR-A520-11K	—		
	dimensions (page 12) that include the attachment.  Refer to page 12 for the dimensions of the panel cut.	FR-A5CN04	FR-A520-15K~22K	FR-A540-11K~22KK		
	The investor can be converted to ID40 and if estion by mounting this					
	The inverter can be converted to IP40 specification by mounting this attachment on the inverter's top/bottom or left/right slits.	Model		able inverter		
	This attachment is suited for wall mounting.		200V class	400V class		
	(The IP40 [JEM1030]: The attachment is constructed so that wires larger	FR-A5CV01	FR-A520-0.4K~7.5K	FR-A540-0.4K~7.5K		
R-A5CV 🗆 🗆	than 1 mm in diameter or drive belts thicker than 1 mm do not project into the inverter.)	FR-A5CV02	FR-A520-11K~22K	FR-A540-11K~22K		
tachment for IP40	Notes					
	This attachment is not constructed to be impervious to water or other liquids, and therefore is not suited to environments with lots of dripping					
	water, soot etc.					
	2: When using this attachment, the inverter's allowable ambient					
	temperature is –10° to 40°C.					
	This attachment is for connecting a conduit directly to the inverter.					
	It is mounted on the bottom of the inverter.					
	• 30K~55K (200 V~400 V) inverters can be brought up to IP20					
	specifications by mounting this attachment. (Standard is IP00)					
	505					
			Applicable inverter			
		Model	200V class	400V class		
	Inverter	FR-A5FN01	FR-A520-30K	FR-A540-30K		
	invener	FR-A5FN02	FR-A520-37K/45K	FR-A540-37K/55K		
		FR-A5FN03	FR-A520-55K	_		
R-A5FN       ttachment for conduit onnection	Note  2-  C hole  FR-A5FN  N-  C1 hole  (with cap)  W1  W1  Mounting panel surface  Note: Attachment is fastened in four places, with two mounting screws on the bottom of the inverter and at two places on the bottom of the FR-A5FN.	Attachment Dir     Model     FR-A5FN01     FR-A5FN02     FR-A5FN03	157.5         95         102.5           297.5         113         227.5	D1 N C C1 125 3 10 76 120 3 12 91 120 4 12 91		
	This attachment allows FR-A500 series models to be mounted using the	Model	Applica	ble inverter		
	same holes as those used for FR-A200E series models, greatly facilitating	Model	Applica 200V class	able inverter 400V class		
		FR-A5AT01	200V class FR-A520-0.4K/0.75K			
	same holes as those used for FR-A200E series models, greatly facilitating the task of replacing earlier models.  11K~15K, 30K~55K models in the 200V class, and 11K~15K models in the 400V do not require the adapter because they use the same mounting	FR-A5AT01 FR-A5AT02	200V class	400V class — FR-A540-0.4K~3.7K		
	same holes as those used for FR-A200E series models, greatly facilitating the task of replacing earlier models.  11K~15K, 30K~55K models in the 200V class, and 11K~15K models in the 400V do not require the adapter because they use the same mounting dimension as earlier models.	FR-A5AT01 FR-A5AT02 FR-A5AT03	200V class FR-A520-0.4K/0.75K FR-A520-1.5K~3.7K FR-A520-5.5K/7.5K	400V class — FR-A540-0.4K~3.7K FR-A540-5.5K/7.5K		
ounting adapter attachment	same holes as those used for FR-A200E series models, greatly facilitating the task of replacing earlier models.  11K~15K, 30K~55K models in the 200V class, and 11K~15K models in the 400V do not require the adapter because they use the same mounting	FR-A5AT01 FR-A5AT02	200V class FR-A520-0.4K/0.75K FR-A520-1.5K~3.7K	400V class — FR-A540-0.4K~3.7K		





# FR-BU Brake Units/FR-BR Resistor Units

- Brake units and resistor units are options that fully enhance the regenerative braking capability of the inverter, and should be used together.
- There are 6 types of brake unit as shown in the table below. They should be selected according to the required braking torque and deceleration time using the selection table.
- Brake units are equipped with a 7-segment LED which displays duty (%ED) and errors.

#### ■ Brake Unit Selection Table

● Short-time rated %ED at 100% braking torque

	Motor capacity				7.5kW	11kW	15kW	18.5k	22kW	30kW	37kW	45kW	55kW
		20		5.5K	7.5K	11K	15K	18.5K	22K	30K	37K	45K	55K
	Inverter 40		400V	5.5K	7.5K	11K	15K	18.5K	22K	30K	37K	45K	55K
		FR-BU-15K		80	40	15	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
±	200V	FR-BU-30K	%ED	-	-	65	30	25	15	10	-	-	-
unit	2	FR-BU-55K		-	-	-	-	90	60	30	20	15	10
Brake	1	FR-BU-H15K		80	40	15	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
ā	4000	FR-BU-H30K	%ED	-	-	65	30	25	15	10	-	-	-
		FR-BU-H55K		-	-	-	-	90	60	30	20	15	10

• Short-time rated braking torque (%) at 10% ED 15 seconds

	Motor capacity 5			5.5kW	7.5kW	11kW	15kW	18.5kW	22kW	30kW	37kW	45kW	55kW
	Inverter 200V 400V			5.5K	7.5K	11K	15K	18.5K	22K	30K	37K	45K	55K
				5.5K	7.5K	11K	15K	18.5K	22K	30K	37K	45K	55K
		FR-BU-15K	Braking	280	200	120	100	80	70	_	_	_	_
.==	200V	FR-BU-30K	torque (%)	_	_	260	180	160	130	100	80	70	_
nnit	2	FR-BU-55K		_	_	_	_	300	250	180	150	120	100
Brake		FR-BU-H15K	Braking	280	200	120	100	80	70	_	_	_	-
ā	400V	FR-BU-H30K	torque	_	_	260	180	160	130	100	80	70	-
	4	FR-BU-H55K	(%)	_	_	_	_	300	250	180	150	120	100



#### C

- 1. Since the temperature of the resistor unit increases up to a maximum of 100°C, use heat-resistant wiring (glass braided wire, etc.) or encase the wire in silicon
- Please be sure to connect the terminals P/+ and N/- correctly with the inverter's P and N terminals. The brake unit will not function properly if the connections are incorrect.

# ■ Brake Unit/Resistor Unit Combinations and Wiring

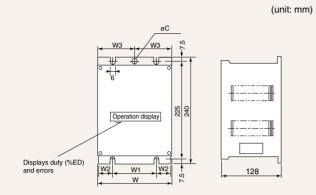
Br	ake unit model	Resistor unit model	Wiring (P-P/+,N-N/-, P/+-P,PR-PR)		
2007	FR-BU-15K FR-BU-30K FR-BU-55K	FR-BR-15K FR-BR-30K FR-BR-55K	3.5mm² (AWG12) 5.5mm² (AWG10) 14mm² (AWG6)		
> FR-BU-H15K FR-BU-H30K FR-BU-H55K	FR-BR-H15K FR-BR-H30K FR-BR-H55K	3.5mm² (AWG12) 3.5mm² (AWG12) 5.5mm² (AWG10)			

Use the above recommended wiring sizes or larger sizes.

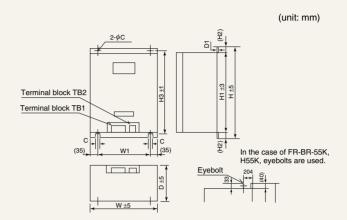
## FR-BU Brake Units/FR-BR Resistor Units

#### **External Dimensions**

#### Brake unit



#### • Resistor unit

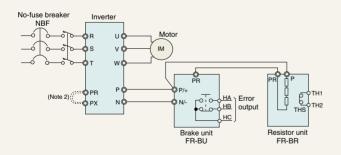


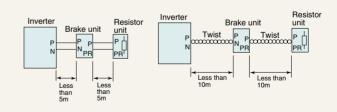
Brak	e unit model	W	W1	W2	W3	С	Approximate weight (kg)
	FR-BU-15K	100	60	18.5	48.5	6	2.4
200V	FR-BU-30K	160	90	33.5	78.5	6	3.2
	FR-BU-55K	265	145	58.5	_	_	5.8
	FR-BU-H15K	160	90	33.5	78.5	6	3.2
400V	FR-BU-H30K	160	90	33.5	78.5	6	3.2
	FR-BU-H55K	265	145	58.5	1	-	5.8

	Resistor unit model		Н	H1	H2	D	D1	W1	НЗ	С	Approximate weight (kg)
_	FR-BR-15K	170	450	410	20	220	3.2	100	432	6	15
200V	FR-BR-30K	340	600	560	20	220	4	270	582	10	30
0	FR-BR-55K Note	480	700	620	40	450	3.2	410	670	12	70
_	FR-BR-H15K	170	450	410	20	220	3.2	100	432	6	15
400V	FR-BR-H30K	340	600	560	20	220	4	270	582	10	30
4	FR-BR-H55K Note	480	700	620	40	450	3.2	410	670	12	70

Note: Eyebolts are used in two places.

#### **■ Example of External Connection**





#### Notes

- The wiring between the inverter and the brake unit, and the resistor unit and the brake unit, should be kept as short as possible. If it exceeds 5 meters, use twisted wire. (When twisted wire is used, the distance should not exceed 10 meters.) Select a wiring size larger than the recommended size.

  2. When using FR-BU with an inverter with a capacity of 7.5K or below, the short bar between terminals PR and PX must be removed.

# FR-HC High-power Factor Converters FR-RC Power Regenerating Converters

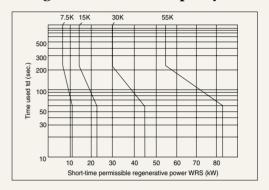
#### **FR-HC High-power Factor Converters**

- Used for suppressing the high frequencies of the inverter's power supply, it achieves an equivalent capacity conversion coefficient of K5=0 under the "Japanese Harmonics Suppression Countermeasure Guidelines for Specific Customers."
- Improves input current waves into sine waves.
- Reduces input capacity by improving input power factor.
- Power source regenerative functions included as standard.
- Integrated converter operation with multiple connection to inverters possible.

#### Specifications

ModelFR-HC-			20	0V		400V				
Wiode	ModelLU-UC-		7.5K 15K 30K 55K		55K	H7.5K H15K H30K			H55K	
Applicable	e inverter capacity (Note 1)	3.7K~7.5K 7.5K~15K 15K~30K 30K~55K				3.7K~7.5K	7.5K~15K	15K~30K	30K~55K	
	Rated input age/frequency		nase 200\ V~230V	/~220V50 60Hz	Hz	3-phase 380V~460V 50/60Hz				
Rate	d input current	33	61	115	215	17	31	57	110	
Rated ou	tput voltage (V) (Note 2)		DC293	V~335V		DC558V~670V				
Ammuni	Unit (kg)	8	15	29	70	9	16	35	72	
weight (kg)	Accessory components (reactors 1,2, external box) total (kg)	21	31	67	97	23	32	52	94	

#### ■ Regenerative Power Capacity



#### Notes:

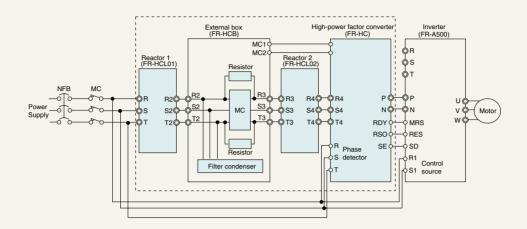
- With regard to the applicable inverter for the high-power factor converter, the applicable capacity is the total capacity.
- 2. The output voltage changes according to the input voltage value.

#### **External Dimensions**

		FR-	HC conve	erter	React	or 1 FR-H	HCL01	React	or 2 FR-H	HCL02	External box FR-HCB		R-HCB																	
voitage	Capacity	W	Н	D	W	Н	H D W H D W H D		D	High-power factor converter External box																				
	7.5K	220	300	190	160	155	100	240	230	160	190	320	165																	
>	15K	250	400	190	190	205	130	260	270	170	170	7 190	170	320   1	320	320	320	320	320 103	320	0 165	100	0   165	320   165	105	320 103	320 103	320 103	320 103	
2007	30K	340	550	195	200	230	170	340	320	180	270	450	203	W D W D																
	55K	480	700	250	210	260	210	430	370	360	210	450	203	Post to 40																
	H7.5K	220	300	190	160	150	100	240	220	160				Reactors 1,2																
400V	H15K	250	400	190	190	195	130	260	260	170	190	320	190   320   165	320 165																
40	H30K	340	550	195	220	215	140	340	310	180			W   D																	
	H55K	480	700	250	280	255	190	400	380	285	270	450	203																	

## FR-HC High-power Factor Converters FR-RC Power Regenerating Converters

#### **External Dimensions**

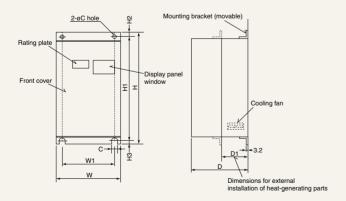


#### Notes:

- 1. Be sure to open inverter power input terminals R, S and T. If they are incorrectly connected, the inverter will be damaged. Also, if the polarity of terminals P and N are mistaken, the high-power factor converter and the inverter will be damaged.
- 2. The wiring of terminals R4, S4, T4 and terminals R, S and T must match the power supply phase shift.
- 3. Be sure to confirm the order in which reactor 1 and reactor 2 are connected. The reactors will overheat if connection mistakes are madde.

#### **FR-RC Power Regenerating Converters**

- Capable of regenerating braking energy generated by motor into power.
- Designed so that heat generated by the converter can be isolated outside of the panel by installing heat generating parts externally at the rear of the panel.



Model name FR-RC-□□K	15K	30K	55K	H15K	H30K	H55K		
Input voltage	3-phase 200V 50Hz 200~230V 60Hz			3-phase 400V 50Hz 400~460V 60Hz				
Permissible input voltage fluctuation	±10%							
Applicable inverter	7.5K~55K (select internal switch according to motor capacity)							

#### External Dimensions

(Unit: mm)

	Model	W	Н	D	D1	W1	H1	H2	НЗ	С	Approx. weight
	FR-RC-15K	270	450	195	87	200	432	10	8	10	19kg
200V	FR-RC-30K	340	600	195	90	270	582	10	8	10	31kg
Ñ	FR-RC-55K	480	700	250	135	410	670	15	15	12	56kg
	FR-RC-H15K	340	600	195	90	270	582	10	8	10	31kg
4000	FR-RC-H30K	340	600	195	90	270	582	10	8	10	33kg
4	FR-RC-H55K	480	700	250	135	410	670	15	15	12	56kg

#### ■ Selection Table

Short-time rated %ED at 150% braking torque

1	Motor capacity			11kW	15kW	18.5kW	22kW	30kW	37kW	45kW	55kW
	2			11K	15K	18.5K	22K	30K	37K	45K	55K
	Inverter		7.5K	11K	15K	18.5K	22K	30K	37K	45K	55K
	FR-RC-15K		45	45	25	_	_	_	_	_	_
2007	FR-RC-30K	%ED	_	_	45	30	25	25	_	_	_
0	FR-RC-55K		_	_	_	_	_	45	35	25	25
	FR-RC-H15K		45	45	25	_	_	_	_	_	_
400V	FR-RC-H30K	%ED	_	_	45	45	45	25	_	_	_
4	FR-RC-H55K		_	_	_	_	_	45	45	45	25

Be sure to install an FR-BAL power factor improvement reactor to balance the power supply.

# Points to Note when Using and Selecting Units

#### For Maximum Safety

- In order to use the equipment properly and safely, please be sure to read the manual before use.
- This product was not designed or manufactured as equipment or a system to be used in situations that can affect or endanger human life
- When considering this equipment for operations in special machinery or systems used in passenger-moving applications, medical applications, aerospace applications, atomic power applications, electric power applications, or submarine repeating applications, please contact Mitsubishi Electric Corporation's sales department.
- Although this product was manufactured under conditions of strict quality control, you are strongly advised to install safety devices when it is used in facilities where a breakdown in the product is likely to cause a serious accident or loss.
- Please do not use loads other than 3-phase induction motors.

#### Operation

- To avoid damage to the inverter when an electromagnetic contactor (MC) is installed on the primary side, please do not subject the MC to repeated start/stop operations.
- When a fault occurs in the inverter, the protective function activates and halts inverter output, but does not suddenly stop the motor itself. For this reason, please install the mechanical stopping and holding mechanisms necessary as mechanical equipment for emergency stops.
- Even if the inverter's power supply is cut off, it takes time for the capacitor to discharge. When carrying out inspections, wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been cut off, then use a tester, etc., to confirm the voltage.

#### Wiring

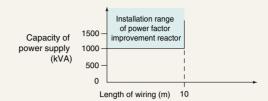
- The inverter will be damaged if electric power is applied to the inverter's output terminals (U, V, W). Before switching on the power, please check wiring and sequence very carefully to ensure there are no wiring connection errors.
- Terminals P, P1, PR, PX and N are designed for use in connecting specially designed, dedicated options. Do not connect equipment other than dedicated options to these terminals. Also, please do not create a short circuit between power terminal 10, which is used for setting frequency, and common terminal 5.

#### Installation

- Please install the unit in a clean location, avoiding adverse environments such as oil mist, fluff, dust, etc., or use it within a sealed enclosure which will not allow the entry of floating particles. In the latter case, please ensure that the cooling system and dimensions allow the inverter's ambient temperature to remain within the permissible values (see page 9 for specification values). The enclosure can be made more compact if the FR-A5CN option is used for isolating the inverter's heat generating parts outside the enclosure is used.
- Since certain parts of the inverter can get extremely hot, do not attach it to combustible material.
- The unit should be attached to the wall, vertically

#### **Power Supply**

• In cases where the unit is installed directly below a large-capacity power supply (1000 kVA or over, length of wiring 10 meters or less), or where switching of a phase advance capacitor occurs, an excessive peak current may flow in the power input circuit, damaging the inverter. In such cases, be sure to install an optional FR-BEL or FR-BAL power factor improvement reactor.



 If a surge voltage occurs in the power system, the surge energy may flow into the inverter, causing the inverter to execute an over-voltage alarm stop. In such cases, be sure to install an optional FR-BEL or FR-BAL power factor improvement reactor.

#### Settings

- Using the control panel or the parameter unit for setting makes it possible to set the inverter for high-speed operations up to 400Hz, so a mistake when setting can be very dangerous. Use the upper frequency setting function to set an upper limit. (The default setting is a maximum frequency of 60Hz during external input signal operations. PU operations are set for 120Hz.)
- Please do not set the regenerative brake duty function (Pr. 70)
   except when the optional brake resistor is being used. Since this
   function is used to protect against overheating of the brake
   resistor, do not set it at a level that exceeds the brake resistor's
   permissible duty.
- Setting the DC braking voltage and operation time at a higher value than the default setting can cause motor overheating (electronic thermal relay trip).

#### Points to Note

#### **Selecting Inverter Capacity**

• In the cases where special motors or several motors are operated in parallel using a single inverter, select an inverter whose capacity is such that the total rated current of the motors is equal to or less than the inverter's rated output current.

#### **Motor Starting Torque**

 The starting and accelerating characteristics of motors driven by inverters are constrained by the overload current rating of the inverters used in combination. Torque characteristic values are smaller than when general commercial power supplies are used. When a large driving torque is necessary and even advanced flux vector control is inadequate, please choose an inverter with a capacity that is one rank higher, or increase the capacity of both the motor and the inverter.

#### **Acceleration/Deceleration Time**

- The motor's acceleration/deceleration time is determined by the torque and load torque generated by the motor, and by the moment of inertia (GD<sup>2</sup>) of the load.
- In the case where the current limit function or stall prevention function activates during acceleration/deceleration, the time sometimes increases, so please make the acceleration/ deceleration time greater.
- When you wish to shorten the acceleration/deceleration time, make the torque boost value larger or select advanced flux vector control. (Making the torque boost value too large may activate the stall prevention function, otherwise, try lengthening the acceleration time.) If this is still not enough, increase the capacity of both the inverter and the motor. To shorten the deceleration time, it is necessary to add the optional FR-ABR brake resistor for frequent braking operations (for capacities of 7.5K and below), or the optional FR-BU brake unit or the optional FR-RC power regenerating converter, etc., necessary for absorbing braking energy

# Points to Note when Selecting Peripherals

#### Selecting and Installing No-fuse Breakers

Please install a no-fuse breaker (NFB) on the incoming side to protect the wiring on the inverter's primary side. The selection of the NFB depends on the power factor on the inverter's power supply side (changes in supply voltage, output frequency, load); In particular, since the operating characteristics of fully electromagnetic type NFBs change according to high frequency current, it is necessary to select larger capacities. (Use the materials on the appropriate breakers for confirmation.) Also, for leakage breakers, please use models that have been designed to cope with high frequencies and surges, such as Mitsubishi's New Super NV.

## ■ Handling Primary Side Electromagnetic Contactors

Inverters may be used without electromagnetic contactors (MC) on the power supply side. In the case of operations using external terminals (using terminals STF or STR), even if a primary-side MC is installed to prevent accidents caused by natural restarts when power is restored following instantaneous power failures, etc., or to ensure safety during maintenance operations, please do not use the MC to execute frequent start/stop operations (the switching life of an inverter input circuit is approximately 100,000 operations). In PU operation mode, inverters do not restart automatically after power is restored, so they cannot be restarted by the MC. It is possible to halt operations using a primary side MC, but the inverter's special regenerative brake does not function and the motor coasts to a stop.

## ■ Handling Secondary Side Electromagnetic Contactors

Please note carefully that when an electromagnetic contactor is installed between the inverter and the motor, and an OFF/ON procedure is performed during operations, a large inrush current occurs and may affect the motor. When an MC is installed for switching to commercial power supplies, etc., we recommend that you use commercial power supply switchover functions Pr. 135 ~ Pr. 139.

#### **■ Installing Thermal Relays**

The inverter is provided with a protection function that employs an electronic thermal relay to protect the motor from overheating. However, in cases where several motors or multi-polar motors are operated using a single inverter, please install a heat-activated type thermal relay (OCR) between the inverter and the motor(s). In such cases, set the inverter's electronic thermal relay to 0 A, and the OCR setting to 1.1 times the current value on the motor's rating plate taking inter-wire leakage current into account.

#### ■ Secondary-side Measuring Instruments

When the wiring between the inverter and the motor is long, the effects of inter-wire leakage current, especially with small-capacity, 400V class units, may cause heating in instruments or Current Transformers. For this reason, please select instruments that have an adequate current rating.

When the inverter's output voltage and output current are measured and displayed, we recommend that you make use of the inverter's AM-5 terminal output function.

#### Removal of Power Factor Improvement Condenser (Phase Advance Capacitor)

There is a danger that the high frequency components of the inverter's output will cause overheating and damage any power factor improvement capacitor and surge killer installed on the inverter's output side. Furthermore, neither capacitor nor surge killers should be inserted because current flows in the inverter causing the overcurrent protection function to activate. Use the power factor improvement DC reactor (page 31) for power improvement.

#### Noise

During quiet operation, electromagnetic noise tends to increase, so countermeasures should be taken. Depending on how the inverter is installed, noise may have effects even when the carrier frequency is lowered.

#### Countermeasures

- The noise level can be reduced by lowering the carrier frequency.
- An FR-BIF(H) radio noise filter is effective at countering AM radio noise
- An FR-BSF01 or FR-BLF line noise filter is effective at preventing sensor malfunctions.
- Separate wires by at least 30cm (at the very least 10cm) from inductive noise from inverter power wires and use twisted pair shielded cable for signal lines.

#### Leakage Current

Electrostatic capacitance occurs between inverter I/O wiring and other wiring, the ground and motor wiring. Current can leak through any of these. Its value can be affected by the carrier frequency etc., so in low noise operation leakage current increases and leakage breakers and relays can operate at unwanted times. Adopt the following counter measure to prevent this.

Countermeasure

 Lower inverter carrier frequency Pr.72. Motor noise, however, will increase.—Therefore, it is recommend that you use Soft-PWM control Pr. 240.

#### Power Supply Harmonics

A harmonic is defined as having a frequency that is an integer multiple of its basic frequency. Normally, frequencies up to 40 or 50 times (to several kHz) are defined as harmonics, while higher harmonics are treated as noise. The table below clarifies causes and responses to noise and harmonics.

Item	Noise	Harmonics
Frequency band	Harmonic (10 kHz on up)	40 to 50 times (to several kHz)
Main cause	Inverter area	Converter area
Transmission route	Cable runs, space, induction	Cable runs
Effect	Distance, wiring route	Line impedance
Amount produced	Voltage change rate Switching frequency	Current capacitance
Phenomenon	Misdetection of sensors, radio noise, etc.	Heat produced by condensive capacitors and generators
Remedy	Change wiring route install noise filter	Install reactor

## **Points to Note when Selecting Peripherals**

#### ■ Wiring Thickness and Distances

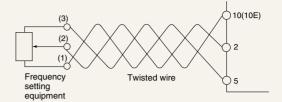
When the wiring distance between the inverter and the motor is long, use a thick wire that will keep the drop in voltage in the main circuit cable to 2% or less, especially during low frequency output. In cases of long distance cabling, the effects of charging current arising from floating capacity in the wiring may cause the overcurrent protection function to activate erroneously, so the maximum length of the wiring should not exceed 500 meters.

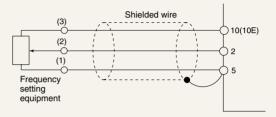
When advanced flux vector control is selected for operations, the wiring between the inverter and the motor should be a maximum of 30 meters long. (When the length of the wiring exceeds 30 meters, perform off-line auto-tuning.)

Please use the recommended connecting cable when installing the control panel (parameter unit) separately from the main body.

When performing remote operations using analog signals, the control wire between the control signal and the inverter should be a maximum of 30 meters long, and should be isolated from power circuits (main circuit and relay sequence circuits) so as not to be affected by induction from other equipment.

When the frequency is set using an external volume control (potentiometer) rather than the control panel (parameter unit), please use shielded or twisted wire as shown in the drawing, and connect the shield to terminal 5, not to earth.





#### **■** Grounding

Always ground the inverter and the motor. Furthermore, when grounding the inverter, it is essential to use the inverter's grounding terminal, not its case or chassis.

## **Safety Warning**

To ensure proper use of the products listed in this catalog, please be sure to read the instruction manual prior to use.

#### **ACP&D Limited**

Units 6 & 9A, Charlestown Industrial Estate, Robinson Street, Ashton-under-Lyne, Lancashire, OL6 8NS.

Tel: +44 (0)161 343 1884 Fax: +44 (0)161 339 0650 e-mail: sales@acpd.co.uk Websites: www.acpd.com &



